Arkansas Prevention Needs Assessment Survey

Clay County Profile Report

2016

Arkansas Department of Human Services Division of Behavioral Health Services Prevention Services

Conducted by International Survey Associates dba Pride Surveys

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1 INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes findings from the Arkansas Prevention Needs Assessment Survey (APNA), a survey of 6th, 8th, 10th and 12th grade school students, conducted in the fall of 2016. This survey was available free of charge to all Arkansas public school districts that chose to participate. The survey was designed to assess adolescent substance use and related behaviors, and risk and protective factors that predict these behaviors. In this report, the results are presented for each grade along with the overall results for the State. Table 1 provides information on the total number of students and the number of students in the county. Table 2 provides information on the number and percent of students by sex. Table 4 provides information on the number and percent of students by ethnic origin.

The APNA Survey was first administered in the fall of 2002 and has been administered in the fall of each school year since then. Because trends over time are very important to prevention planning, readers are encouraged to review the results from the previous surveys. By comparing the results of the previous surveys, changes in ATOD (alcohol, tobacco and other drugs) use, rates of ASB (antisocial behavior), and levels of risk and protective factors can be determined for a specific grade. It is important to note that the results in this report are for students who were not sampled in the even grades (6, 8, 10, and 12) during the previous year's survey. Those students are now in grades 7, 9, 11 or are out of school. Together, the results of the current and past APNA surveys provide a complete picture of ATOD use, antisocial behavior, risk, and protection for students in Arkansas.

Table 1: Student Totals

Response	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
Total Students	county	542	556	534	578
	state	87,246	84,018	82,832	75,027

Table 2: Grade

		20	13-14	2014-15		2015-16		2016-17	
Response	Group	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
6	county	28.2	153	27.5	153	27.9	149	30.4	176
	state	27.4	23,878	28.3	23,745	27.6	22,836	28.4	21,320
8	county	31.4	170	32.4	180	28.1	150	27.5	159
	state	29.4	25,646	28.4	23,866	28.8	23,884	27.5	20,604
10	county	21.4	116	22.7	126	26.8	143	26.5	153
	state	24.5	21,356	24.6	20,634	25.1	20,773	25.6	19,187
12	county	19.0	103	17.4	97	17.2	92	15.6	90
	state	18.8	16,366	18.8	15,773	18.5	15,339	18.5	13,916

Table 3: Sex

		20	13-14	20	2014-15		2015-16		16-17
Response	Group	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
Male	county	53.4	288	47.2	260	51.6	275	51.0	293
	state	48.7	42,309	49.1	40,921	48.9	40,161	49.3	36,668
Female	county	46.6	251	52.8	291	48.4	258	49.0	282
	state	51.3	44,538	50.9	42,490	51.1	41,997	50.7	37,758

Table 4: Ethnic Origin

		20	13-14	20	14-15	20	15-16	20	16-17
Response	Group	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
Hispanic	county	4.8	28	3.8	23	4.1	24	3.6	23
	state	10.9	11,141	10.5	10,607	11.8	11,883	11.6	10,648
Black or African American	county	0.3	2	0.8	5	1.4	8	1.2	8
	state	16.1	16,541	15.6	15,846	14.9	15,009	15.8	14,444
Asian	county	0.2	1	0.7	4	0.3	2	0.3	2
	state	1.8	1,818	1.8	1,857	1.9	1,963	1.8	1,672
American Indian	county	3.8	22	3.8	23	4.8	28	6.9	44
	state	5.0	5,097	4.8	4,916	4.7	4,720	5.0	4,550
Alaska Native	county	0.0	0	0.2	1	0.0	0	0.2	1
	state	0.2	173	0.2	209	0.1	149	0.2	139
White	county	87.7	512	87.6	529	85.3	501	83.1	532
	state	57.4	58,805	56.5	57,268	55.2	55,685	53.9	49,385
Native Hawaiian	county	0.3	2	0.3	2	0.2	1	0.5	3
	state	0.8	853	0.9	896	0.9	938	1.0	913
Other	county	2.9	17	2.8	17	3.9	23	4.2	27
	state	7.9	8,061	9.7	9,821	10.4	10,511	10.7	9,810

1.1 The Risk and Protective Factor Model of Prevention

Risk and protective factor-focused prevention is based on a simple premise: To prevent a problem from happening, we need to identify the factors that increase the risk of that problem developing and then find ways to reduce the risks. Just as medical researchers have found risk factors for heart attacks such as diets high in fats, lack of exercise, and smoking, a team of researchers, the Social Development Research Group (SDRG), at the University of Washington, have defined a set of risk factors for drug abuse. The research team also found that some children exposed to multiple risk factors manage to avoid behavior problems later even though they were exposed to the same risks as children who exhibited behavior problems. Based on research, they identified protective factors and processes that work together to buffer children from the effects of high risk exposure and lead to the development of healthy behaviors.

Risk factors include characteristics of school, community, and family environments, as well as characteristics of students and their peer groups that are known to predict increased likelihood of drug use, delinquency, and violent behaviors among youth (Hawkins, Catalano & Miller, 1992; Hawkins, Arthur & Catalano, 1995; Brewer, Hawkins, Catalano & Neckerman, 1995). info@pridesurveys.com

2 TOOLS FOR ASSESSMENT AND PLANNING

Protective factors exert a positive influence or buffer against the negative influence of risk, thus reducing the likelihood that adolescents will engage in problem behaviors. Protective factors, identified through research reviewed by the Social Development Research Group, include social bonding to family, school, community and peers; and healthy beliefs and clear standards for behavior.

Research on risk and protective factors has important implications for prevention efforts. The premise of this approach is that in order to promote positive youth development and prevent problem behaviors, it is necessary to address those factors that predict the problem. By measuring risk and protective factors in a population, specific risk factors that are elevated and widespread can be identified and targeted by preventive interventions that also promote related protective factors. For example, if academic failure is identified as an elevated risk factor in a community, then mentoring and tutoring interventions can be provided that will improve academic performance, and also increase opportunities and rewards for classroom participation.

Risk and protective factor-focused drug abuse prevention is based on the work of J. David Hawkins, Ph.D., Richard F. Catalano, Ph.D.; and a team of researchers at

the University of Washington in Seattle. Beginning in the early 1980's, the group researched adolescent problem behaviors and identified risk factors for adolescent drug abuse and delinquency. The chart below shows the links between the 16 risk factors and the five problem behaviors. The check marks have been placed in the chart to indicate where at least two well designed, published research studies have shown a link between the risk factor and the problem behavior.

	PF	OBL	EM BEH	IAVIOR	5
YOUTH AT RISK	Substance Abuse	Delinquency	Teen Pregnancy	School Drop-Out	Violence
Community					
Availability of Drugs and Firearms	1				 ✓
Community Laws and Norms Favorable Toward Drug Use	1				
Transitions and Mobility	1	1		1	
Low Neighborhood Attachment and Community Disorganization	1	1			1
Extreme Economic and Social Deprivation	1	1	1	1	1
Family					1
Family History of High Risk Behavior	1	✓	 ✓ 	1	
Family Management Problems	1	1	1	1	1
Family Conflict	1	1	1	1	1
Favorable Parental Attitudes and Involvement in the Problem Behavior	1	1			1
School	1				
Early and Persistent Antisocial Behavior	1	1	1	1	1
Academic Failure in Elementary School	1	1	1	1	1
Lack of Commitment to School	1	1	1	1	
Individual/Peer					
Alienation and Rebelliousness	1	1		1	
Friends Who Engage in a Problem Behavior	1	1	1	✓	1
Favorable Attitudes Toward the Problem Behavior	1	1	1	1	
Early Initiation of the Problem Behavior	1	1	1	1	1

3 SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT USING SURVEY DATA

Data from the Arkansas Prevention Needs Assessment Survey can be used to help school and community planners assess current conditions and prioritize areas of greatest need.

Each risk and protective factor can be linked to specific types of interventions that have been shown to be effective in either reducing the risk(s) and enhancing the protection(s). The steps outlined below will help your school and community make key decisions regarding allocation of resources, how and when to address specific needs, and which strategies are most effective and known to produce results.

3.1 What are the numbers telling you?

Review the charts and data tables presented in this report. Using the table in section 3.3, note your findings as you discuss the following questions

- Which 3 to 5 risk factors appear to be higher than you would want?
- Which 3 to 5 protective factors appear to be lower than you would want?
- Which levels of 30 day drug use are increasing and/or unacceptably high?
 - Which substances are your students using the most?
 - At which grades do you see unacceptable usage levels?
- Which levels of antisocial behaviors are increasing and/or unacceptably high?
 - Which behaviors are your students exhibiting the most?
 - At which grades do you see unacceptable behavior levels?

3.2 How to decide if a rate is "unacceptable."

- Look across the charts to determine which items stand out as either much higher or much lower than the others.
- Compare your data to statewide data and national data. Differences of 5% or more between the local and other data should be carefully reviewed.
- Determine the standards and values held in your area. For example: Is it acceptable in your community for 75% of high school students to drink alcohol regularly even when the statewide percentage is 90?

3.3 Use these data for planning:

- Substance use and antisocial behavior data raise awareness about the problems and promote dialogue.
- Risk and protective factor data identify exactly where the community needs to take action.
- Promising approaches talk with resources listed on the last page of this report for ideas about programs that have been proven effective in addressing the risk factors that are high in your area, and in improving the protective factors that are low.

	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable
Measure	Rate $\#1$	Rate #2	Rate #3	Rate #4
30 Day				
Drug Use				
Antisocial				
Behavior				
Risk				
Factors				
Protective				
Factors				

How do I decide which intervention(s) to employ?

- Strategies should be selected based on the risk factors that are high in your community and the protective factors that are low.
- Strategies should be age appropriate and employed prior to the onset of the problem behavior.
- Strategies chosen should address more than a single risk and protective factor.
- No single strategy offers the solution.

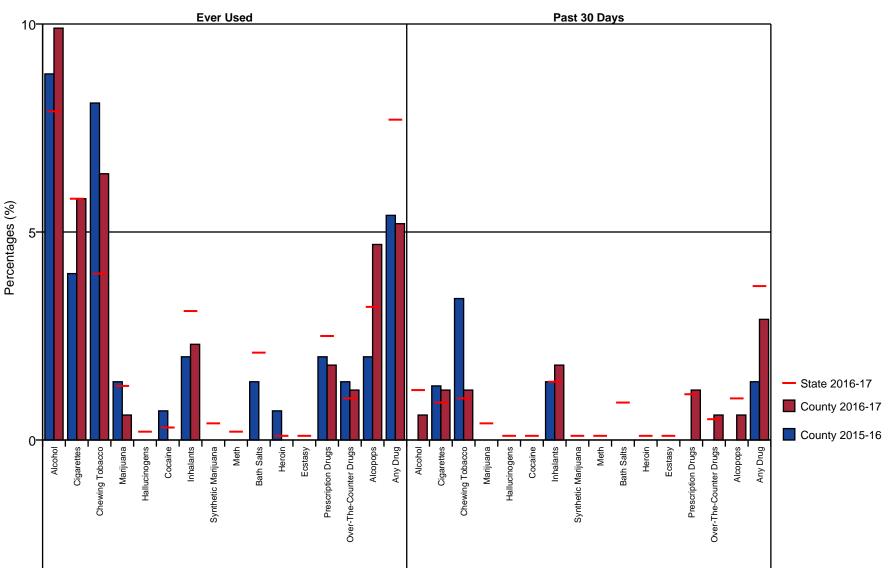
How do I know whether or not the intervention was effective?

• Participation in the annual administration of the survey provides trend data necessary for determining the effectiveness of the implemented intervention(s) and also provides data for determining any new efforts that are needed.

4 HOW TO READ THE CHARTS AND TABLES

- 1. Student responses for risk and protective factors, substance use and antisocial behavior questions are displayed by grade on the following pages.
- 2. The factors are grouped into 4 domains: community, family, school, and peerindividual.
- 3. The bars represent the percent of students in the grade who reported elevated risk or protection, substance use, antisocial behaviors or school safety concerns.
- 4. Scanning across these charts, you can easily determine which factors are most (or least) prevalent, thus identifying which are the most important for your community to address.
- 5. Bars will be complemented by a small dash. The dash shows the comparison from the state and provides additional information for you in determining the relative importance of each risk or protective factor.
- 6. A dashed line on each risk and protective factor chart represents the percentage of youth at risk or with protection for the seven state sample upon which the cut-points were developed. The seven states included in the norm group were Colorado, Illinois, Kansas, Maine, Oregon, Utah and Washington. This gives you a comparison to a national sample.
- 7. Brief definitions of the risk and protective factors can be found following the graphs.
- 8. The tables provide more detailed information and are broken down by grade level. The combined category consists of all the grade levels represented in this report combined together (ie. if the report is based on 10th and 12th graders then the combined category will be all the 10th and 12th graders combined). For the tables on substance use, some substances also have a comparison to the Monitoring the Future (MTF) data. Monitoring the Future is an annual federally funded national survey of substance use across the country for students in grade 8, 10 and 12. For some substances and for some years or some grades, there is no corresponding MTF data.
- 9. The following abbreviations are sometimes used in the tables and charts due to space constraints:

ATOD stands for Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use.ASB stands for Antisocial Behaviors.PSI stands for Prosocial Involvement.MTF stands for Monitoring the Future.



Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use - Grade 6 Clay County

Figure 1: Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use - Grade 6

Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use - Grade 8 Clay County

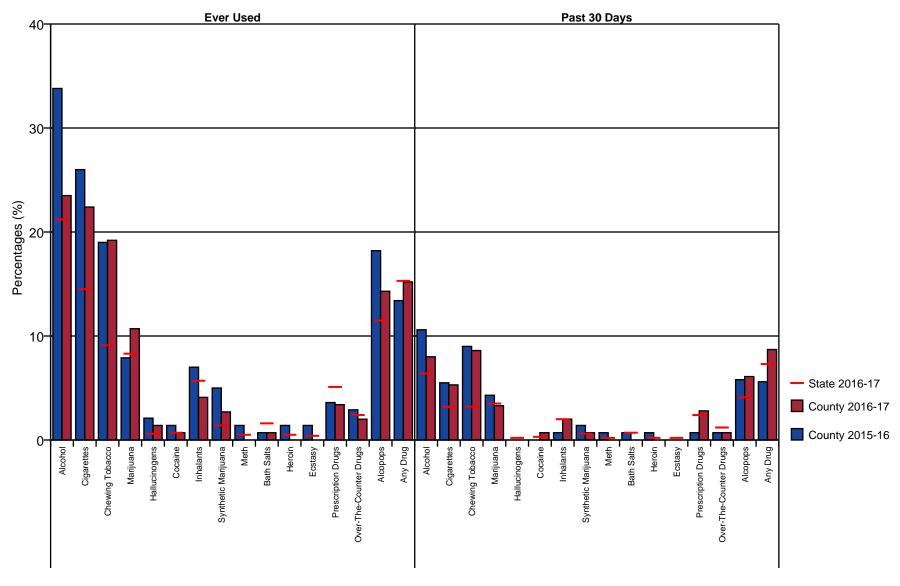


Figure 2: Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use - Grade 8

Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use - Grade 10 Clay County

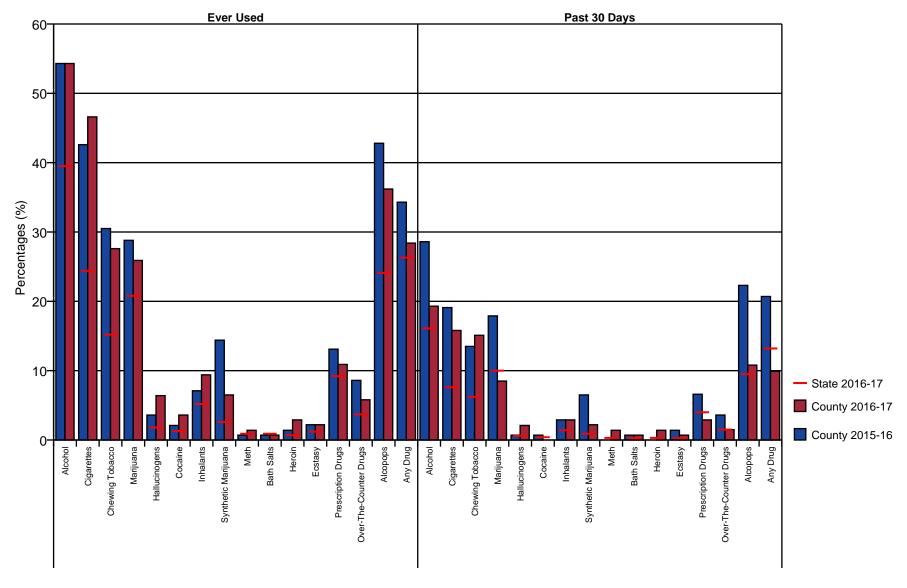


Figure 3: Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use - Grade 10

Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use - Grade 12 Clay County

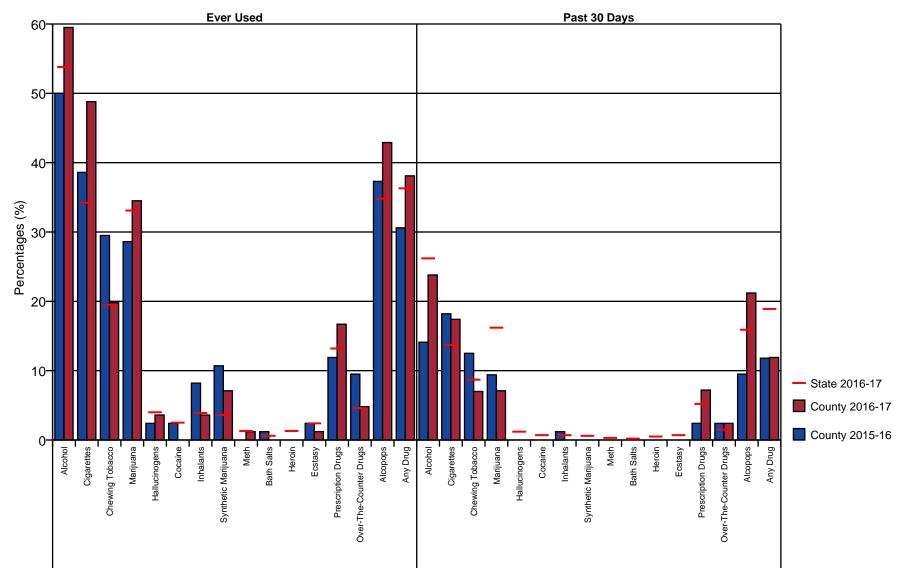
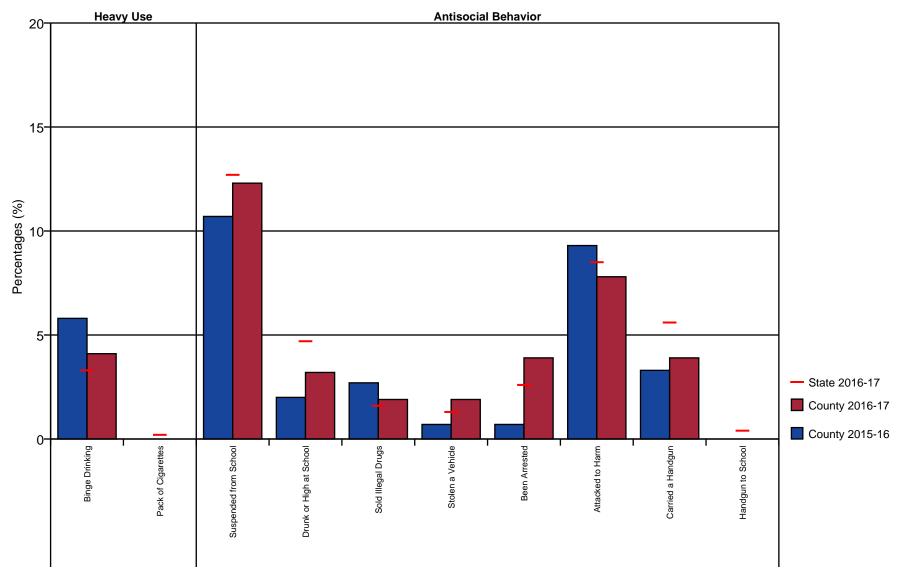


Figure 4: Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use - Grade 12

Heavy Use Antisocial Behavior 10-Percentages (%) 5-- State 2016-17 County 2016-17 County 2015-16 0-Т Т Binge Drinking Stolen a Vehicle Been Arrested Attacked to Harm Carried a Handgun Pack of Cigarettes Suspended from School Drunk or High at School Sold Illegal Drugs Handgun to School

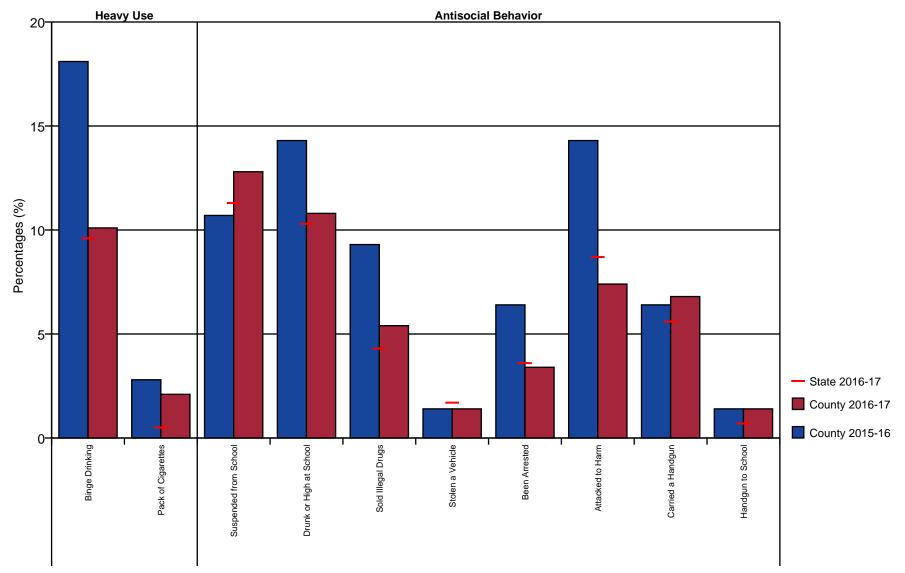
Heavy Use and Antisocial Behavior - Grade 6 Clay County

Figure 5: Heavy Use and Antisocial Behavior - Grade 6



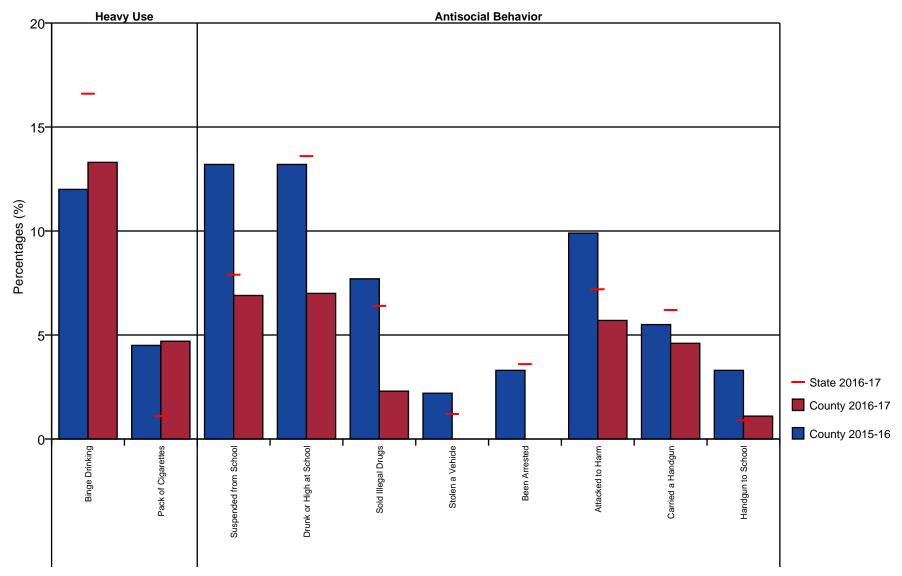
Heavy Use and Antisocial Behavior - Grade 8 Clay County

Figure 6: Heavy Use and Antisocial Behavior - Grade 8



Heavy Use and Antisocial Behavior - Grade 10 Clay County

Figure 7: Heavy Use and Antisocial Behavior - Grade 10



Heavy Use and Antisocial Behavior - Grade 12 Clay County

Figure 8: Heavy Use and Antisocial Behavior - Grade 12

Risk Factors - Grade 6 Clay County

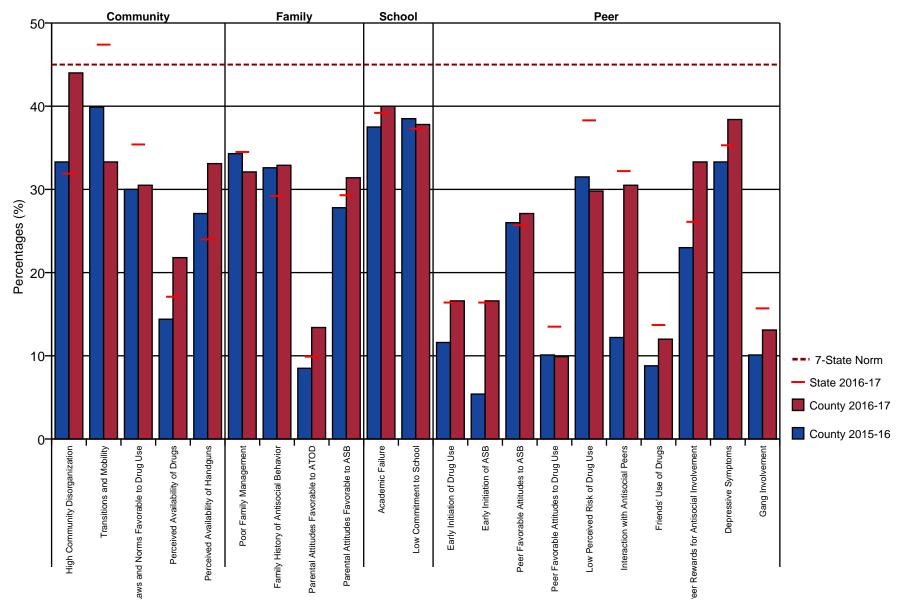


Figure 9: Risk Factors - Grade 6

Risk Factors - Grade 8 Clay County

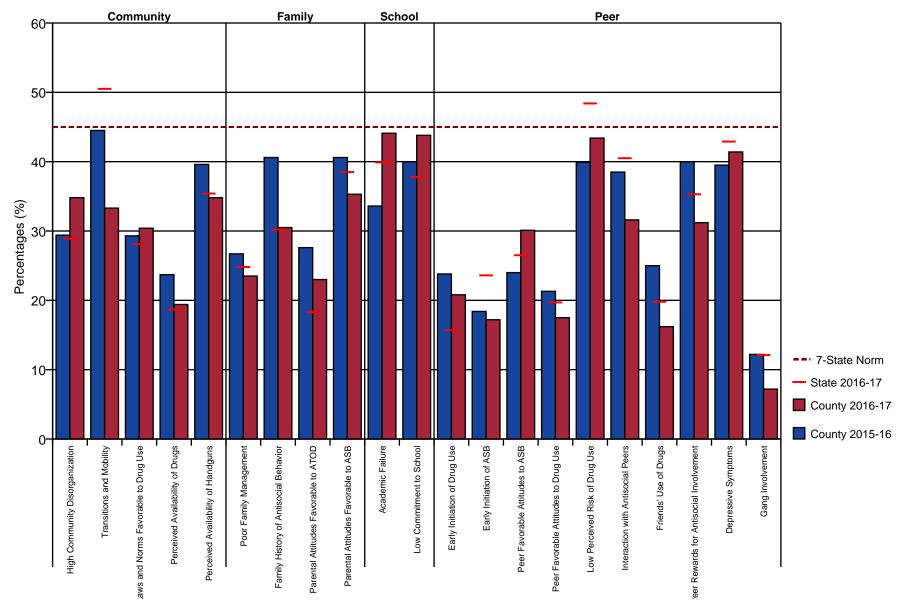


Figure 10: Risk Factors - Grade 8

Risk Factors - Grade 10 Clay County

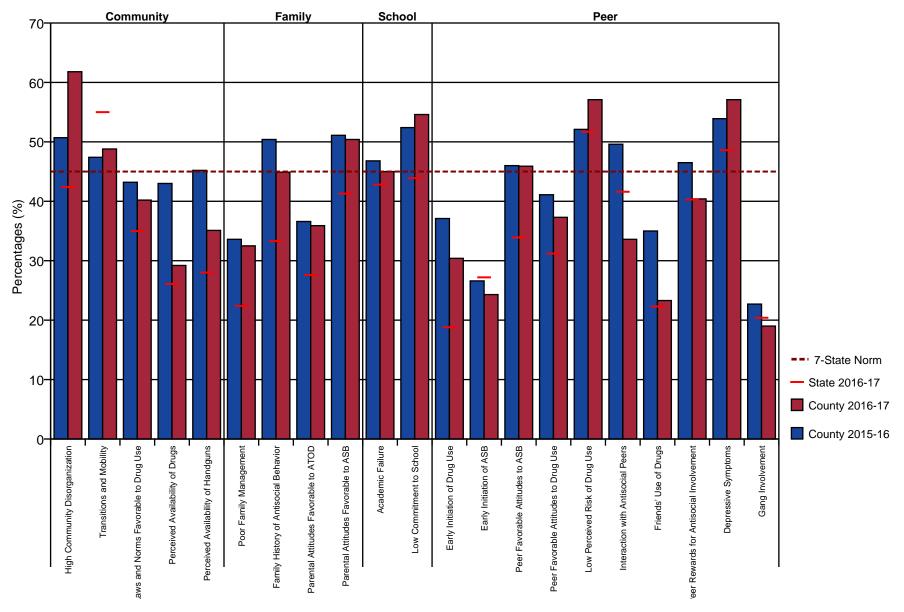


Figure 11: Risk Factors - Grade 10

Risk Factors - Grade 12 Clay County

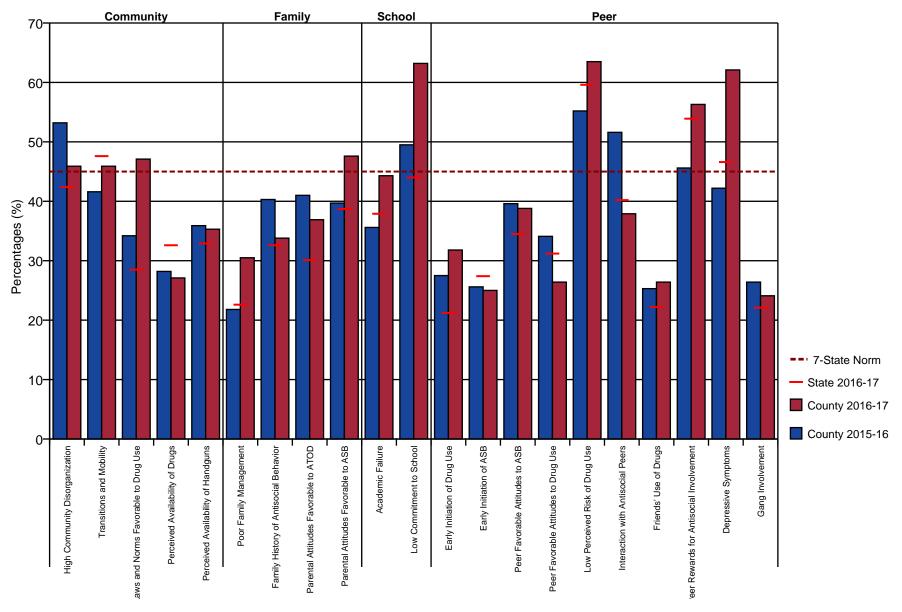


Figure 12: Risk Factors - Grade 12

Protective Factors - Grade 6 Clay County

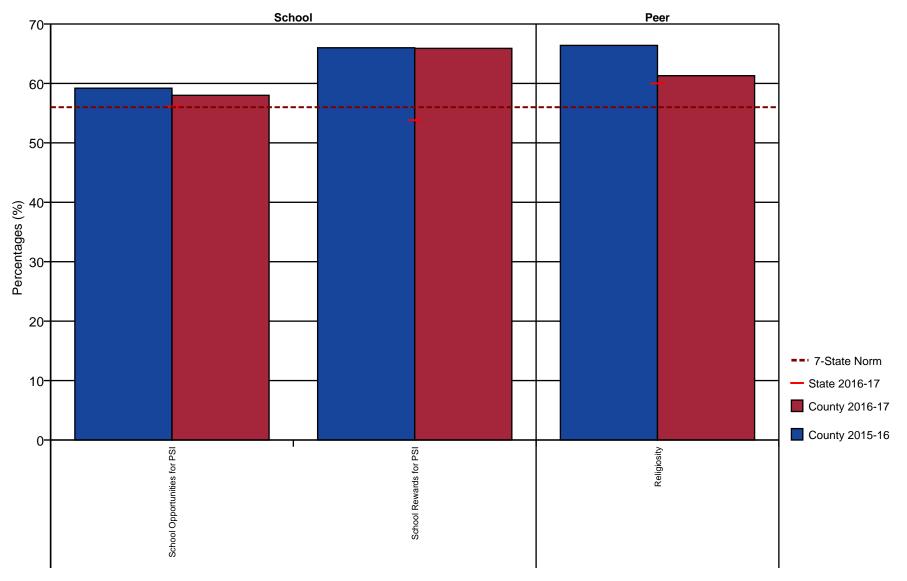


Figure 13: Protective Factors - Grade 6

Protective Factors - Grade 8 Clay County

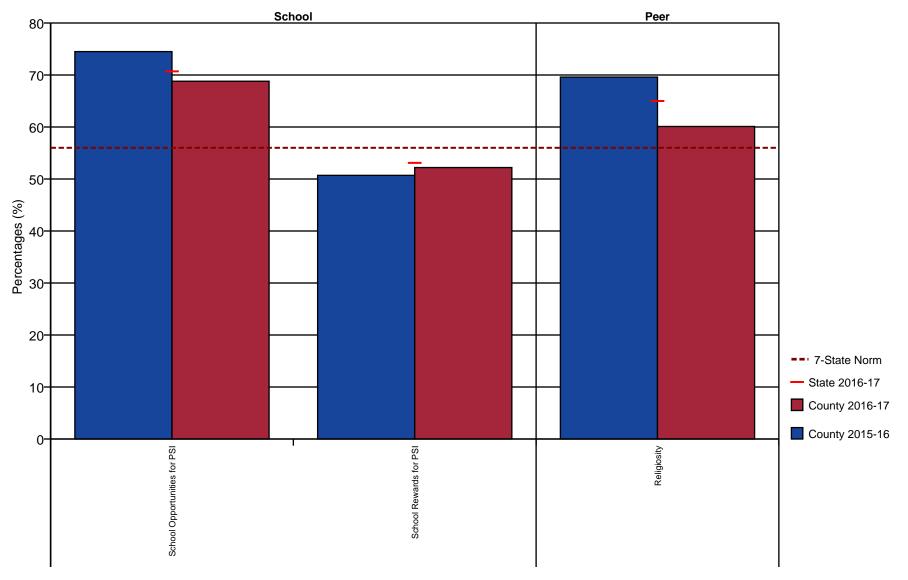


Figure 14: Protective Factors - Grade 8

Protective Factors - Grade 10 Clay County

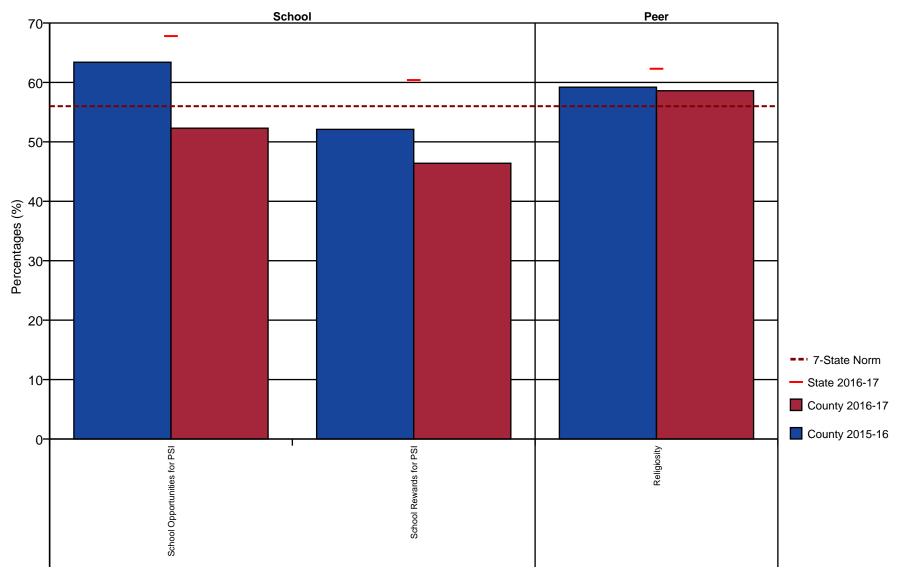


Figure 15: Protective Factors - Grade 10

Protective Factors - Grade 12 Clay County

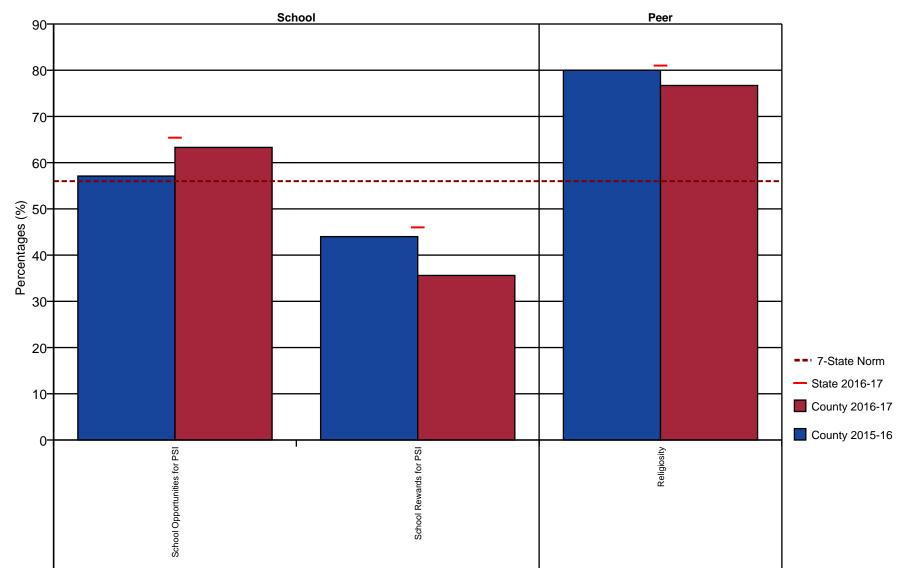


Figure 16: Protective Factors - Grade 12

School Safety Profile - Grade 6 Clay County

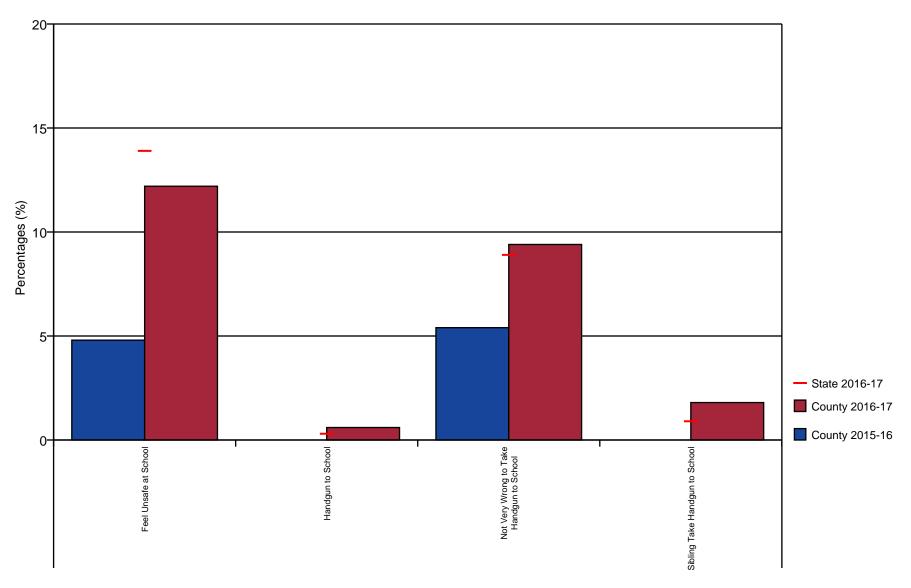


Figure 17: School Safety Profile - Grade 6

School Safety Profile - Grade 8 Clay County

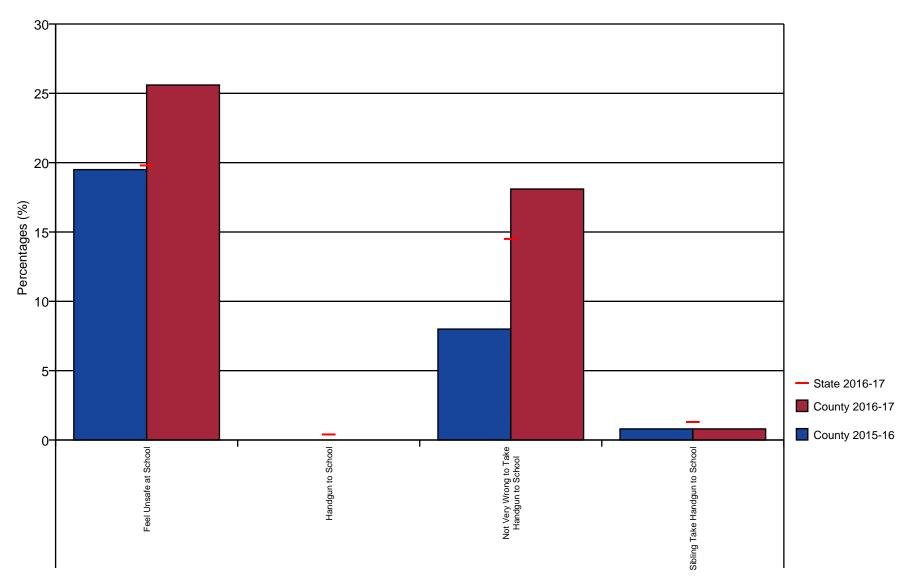


Figure 18: School Safety Profile - Grade 8

School Safety Profile - Grade 10 Clay County

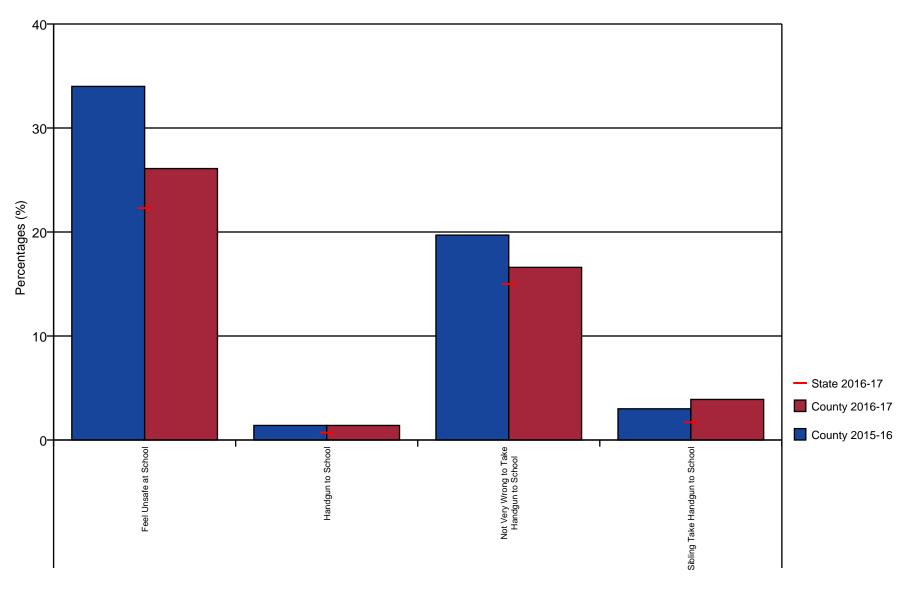


Figure 19: School Safety Profile - Grade 10

School Safety Profile - Grade 12 Clay County

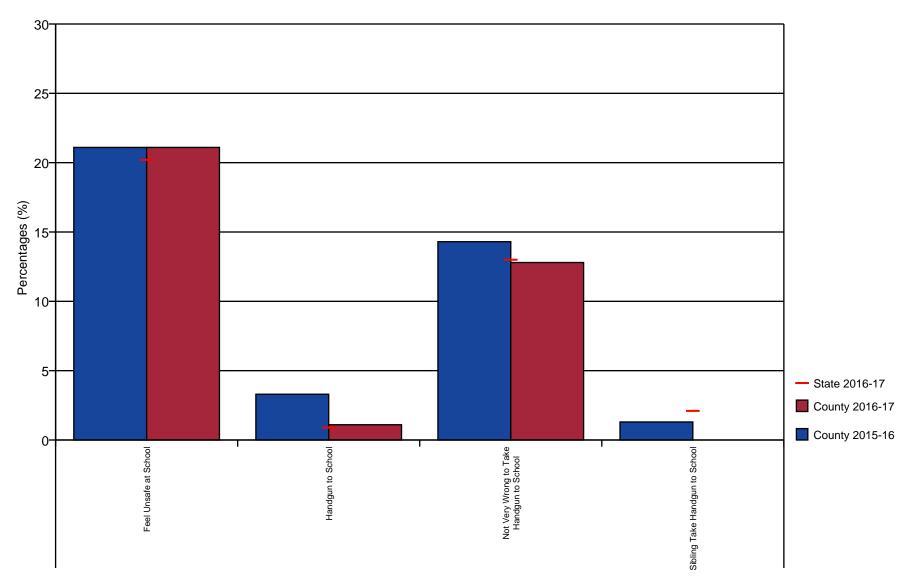


Figure 20: School Safety Profile - Grade 12

Sources and Locations of Alcohol Use - Grade 6 Clay County

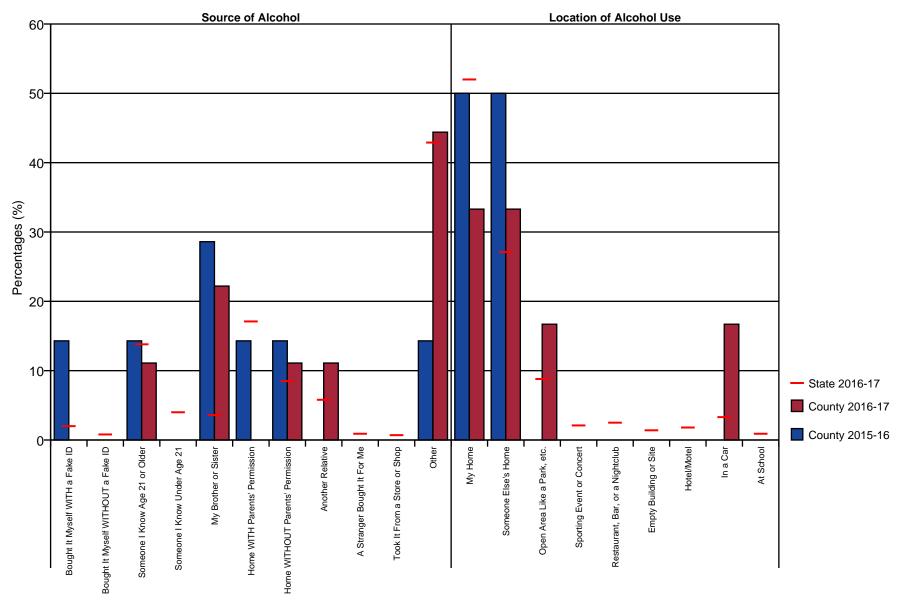


Figure 21: Sources and Locations of Alcohol Use - Grade 6

Sources and Locations of Alcohol Use - Grade 8 Clay County

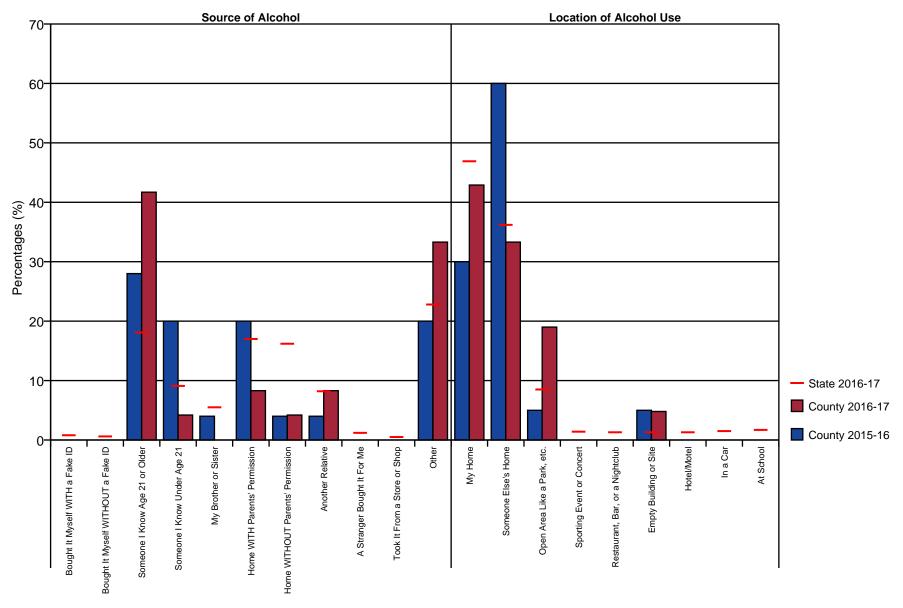


Figure 22: Sources and Locations of Alcohol Use - Grade 8

Sources and Locations of Alcohol Use - Grade 10 Clay County

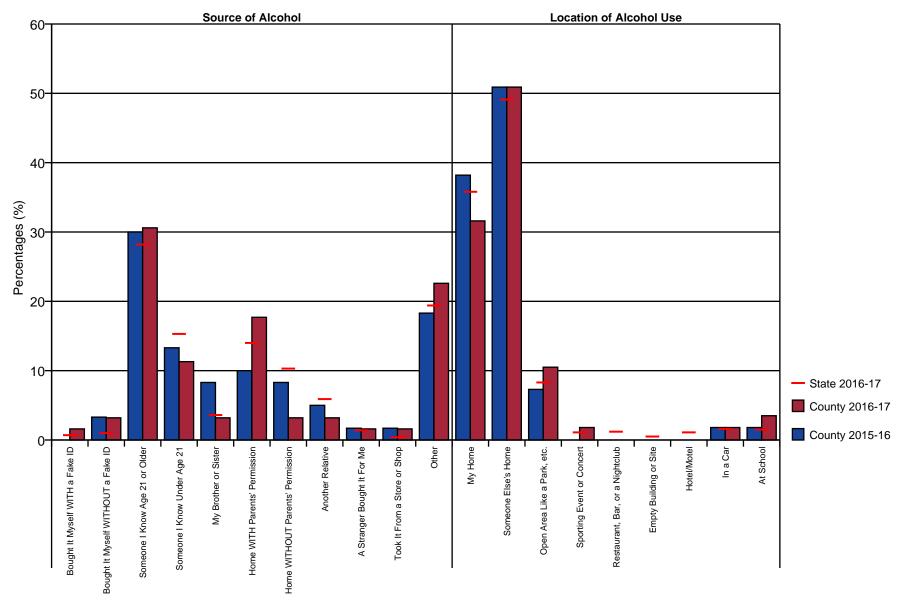


Figure 23: Sources and Locations of Alcohol Use - Grade 10

Sources and Locations of Alcohol Use - Grade 12 Clay County

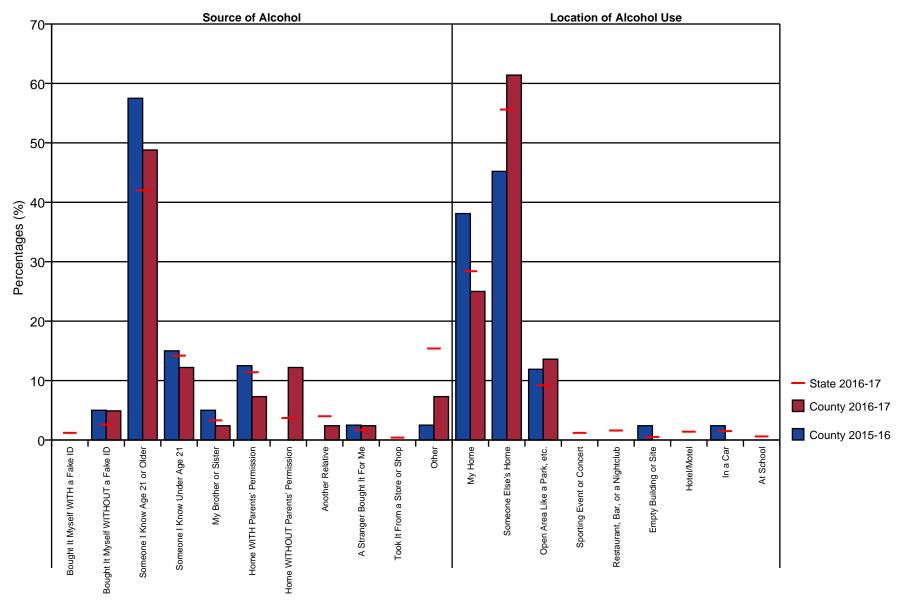


Figure 24: Sources and Locations of Alcohol Use - Grade 12

	Community Domain Risk Factors					
Community	Research has shown that neighborhoods with high population					
Disorganization	density, lack of natural surveillance of public places, physical					
	deterioration, and high rates of adult crime also have higher					
	rates of juvenile crime and drug selling.					
Transitions	Reseach has shown that transitions from school to school may					
and Mobility	be accompanied by significant increases in rates of drug use,					
	school dropout and antisocial behavior.					
Laws and Norms	Research has shown that legal restrictions on alcohol and to-					
Favorable Toward	bacco use, such as raising the legal drinking age, restricting					
Drug Use	smoking in public places, and increased taxation have been fol-					
	lowed by decreases in consumption. Moreover, national surveys					
	of high school seniors have shown that shifts in normative atti-					
	tudes toward drug use have preceded changes in prevalence of					
	use.					
Perceived Availability	The availability of cigarettes, alcohol, marijuana, and other il-					
of Drugs	legal drugs has been related to the use of these substances by					
	adolescents.					
Perceived Availability	The availability of handguns has also been related to the use of					
of Handguns	these substances by adolescents.					
	Family Domain Risk Factors					
Poor Family	Parents' use of inconsistent and/or unusually harsh or severe					
Management	punishment with their children places them at higher risk for					
	substance use and other problem behaviors. Also, parents' fail-					
	ure to provide clear expectations and to monitor their children's					
	behavior makes it more likely that they will engage in drug abuse					
	whether or not there are family drug problems.					
Family History of	When children are raised in a family with a history of problem					
Antisocial Behavior	behaviors (e.g., violence or ATOD use), the children are more					
	likely to engage in these behaviors.					
Parental Attitudes	In families where parents use illegal drugs, are heavy users of					
Favorable Toward	alcohol, or are tolerant of children's use, children are more likely					
Drug Use	to become drug abusers during adolescence. The risk is further					
	increased if parents involve children in their own drug (or alco-					
	hol) using behavior, for example, asking the child to light the					
	parent's cigarette or get the parent a beer from the refrigerator.					

continued on the next column

Risk and Protective Factor Scale Definition (continued)

Risk and Protective Factor Scale Definition (continued)				
Parental Attitudes	In families where parents are tolerant of their child's antisocial			
Favorable Toward	behavior (i.e. fighting, stealing, defacing property, etc.), chil-			
Antisocial Behavior	dren are more likely to become drug abusers during adolescence.			
	School Domain Risk Factors			
Academic Failure	Beginning in the late elementary grades (grades 4-6) academic			
	failure increases the risk of both drug abuse and delinquency. It			
	appears that the experience of failure itself, for whatever reasons,			
	increases the risk of problem behaviors.			
Low Commitment	Surveys of high school seniors have shown that the use of hal-			
to School	lucinogens, cocaine, heroin, stimulants, and sedatives or non-			
	medically prescribed tranquilizers is significantly lower among			
	students who expect to attend college than among those who do			
	not. Factors such as liking school, spending time on homework,			
	and perceiving the coursework as relevant are also negatively			
	related to drug use.			
	School Domain Protective Factors			
Opportunities for	When young people are given more opportunities to participate			
Prosocial	meaningfully in important activities at school, they are less likely			
Involvement	to engage in drug use and other problem behaviors.			
Rewards for	When young people are recognized and rewarded for their contri-			
Prosocial	butions at school, they are less likely to be involved in substance			
Involvement	use and other problem behaviors.			
	Individual/Peer Risk Factors			
Early Initiation	Early onset of drug use predicts misuse of drugs. The earlier the			
of Drug Use	onset of any drug use, the greater the involvement in other drug			
	use and the greater frequency of use. Onset of drug use prior to			
	the age of 15 is a consistent predictor of drug abuse, and a later			
	age of onset of drug use has been shown to predict lower drug			
	involvement and a greater probability of discontinuation of use.			
Early Initiation	Early onset of antisocial behaviors such as being suspended from			
of Antisocial Behavior	school, arrests, carrying handguns, fighting, etc. makes young			
	people more likely to be involved in substance abuse.			
Attitudes Favorable	During the elementary school years, most children express anti-			
Toward Drug Use	drug, anti-crime, and pro-social attitudes and have difficulty			
	imagining why people use drugs. However, in middle school,			
	as more youth are exposed to others who use drugs, their atti-			
	tudes often shift toward greater acceptance of these behaviors.			
	Youth who express positive attitudes toward drug use are more			
	likely to engage in a variety of problem behaviors, including drug			
	use.			
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Risk and Protective Factor Scale Definition (continued)

Attitudes Favorable	During the elementary school years, most children express anti-
Toward	drug, anti-crime, and pro-social attitudes and have difficulty
Antisocial Behavior	imagining why people engage in antisocial behaviors. How-
Antisocial Dellavior	ever, in middle school, as more youth are exposed to others
	who engage in antisocial behavior, their attitudes often shift to-
	ward greater acceptance of these behaviors. Youth who express
	positive attitudes toward antisocial behavior are more likely to
	engage in a variety of problem behaviors, including antisocial
	behavior.
Low Perceived Risk	Young people who do not perceive drug use to be risky are far
of Drug Use	more likely to engage in drug use.
Interaction with	Young people who associate with peers who engage in problem
Antisocial Peers	behaviors are at higher risk for engaging in antisocial behavior
	themselves.
Friends' Use of Drugs	Young people who associate with peers who engage in alcohol or
	substance abuse are much more likely to engage in the same be-
	havior. Peer drug use has consistently been found to be among
	the strongest predictors of substance use among youth. Even
	when young people come from well-managed families and do not
	experience other risk factors, spending time with friends who use
	drugs greatly increases the risk of that problem developing.
Rewards for	Young people who receive rewards for their antisocial behavior
Antisocial	are at higher risk for engaging further in antisocial behavior and
Involvement	substance use.
Depressive	Young people who express feelings of sadness for long periods
Symptoms	over the past year and who have negative attitudes about them-
	selves and life in general are more likely to use drugs.
Gang	Gang involvement by young people is strongly related to many
Involvement	problem behaviors includeing drug use.
	Individual/Peer Protective Factors
Religiosity	Young people who regularly attend religious services are less
	likely to engage in problem behaviors.
L	

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	12.6	8.3	8.8	9.9
	state	8.5	8.5	8.2	7.9
8	county	30.6	37.0	33.8	23.5
	state	23.4	23.2	22.3	21.2
	MTF	27.8	26.8	26.1	22.8
10	county	46.4	48.2	54.3	54.3
	state	45.5	45.2	42.5	39.5
	MTF	52.1	49.3	47.1	43.4
12	county	55.0	70.7	50.0	59.5
	state	58.8	58.7	55.8	53.8
	MTF	68.2	66.0	64.0	61.2
Combined	county	33.5	37.4	34.9	32.7
	state	31.5	31.2	29.7	28.2

Table 6: Alcohol - Lifetime Use

Table 7: Cigarettes - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	9.3	9.6	4.0	5.8
	state	7.0	6.3	5.7	5.8
8	county	30.1	34.5	26.0	22.4
	state	18.0	18.0	15.5	14.5
	MTF	14.8	13.5	13.3	9.8
10	county	40.7	41.4	42.6	46.6
	state	30.6	29.5	26.3	24.4
	MTF	25.7	22.6	19.9	17.5
12	county	51.5	49.0	38.6	48.8
	state	39.6	39.4	35.3	34.2
	MTF	38.1	34.4	31.1	28.3
Combined	county	30.6	31.8	26.3	27.6
	state	22.2	21.5	19.1	18.2

Table 8: Chewing Tobacco - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	10.7	6.8	8.1	6.4
	state	4.7	4.7	4.1	4.0
8	county	18.4	23.9	19.0	19.2
	state	11.1	11.3	9.9	9.1
	MTF	7.9	8.0	8.6	6.9
10	county	34.5	23.3	30.5	27.6
	state	18.8	18.4	16.9	15.2
	MTF	14.0	13.6	12.3	10.2
12	county	31.7	38.5	29.5	19.8
	state	22.2	22.4	19.9	19.5
	MTF	17.2	15.1	13.2	14.2
Combined	county	22.2	21.7	20.8	17.5
	state	13.3	13.2	11.9	11.1

Table 9: Marijuana - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.7	2.8	1.4	0.6
	state	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3
8	county	12.7	13.3	7.9	10.7
	state	8.9	9.1	8.2	8.3
	MTF	16.5	15.6	15.5	12.8
10	county	25.7	22.3	28.8	25.9
	state	23.9	23.3	21.7	20.8
	MTF	35.8	33.7	31.1	29.7
12	county	34.0	35.9	28.6	34.5
	state	34.3	35.5	33.1	33.1
	MTF	45.5	44.4	44.7	44.5
Combined	county	16.1	16.4	15.1	15.1
	state	15.3	15.4	14.3	14.1

	Table 10: Hallucinogens - Lifetime Use					
Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	
6	county	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	state	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	
8	county	1.3	1.2	2.1	1.4	
	state	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	
	MTF	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.2	
10	county	2.8	2.7	3.6	6.4	
	state	1.9	2.1	2.2	1.8	
	MTF	2.7	2.6	3.0	3.2	
12	county	3.0	2.2	2.4	3.6	
	state	3.6	3.8	4.2	4.0	
	MTF	3.9	3.7	4.3	4.9	
Combined	county	1.8	1.4	1.9	2.6	
	state	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.4	

Table 11: Cocaine - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	1.4	0.7	0.0
	state	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
8	county	1.9	1.2	1.4	0.7
	state	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.7
	MTF	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.4
10	county	2.8	0.9	2.1	3.6
	state	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.3
	MTF	3.3	2.6	2.7	2.1
12	county	3.0	2.2	2.4	0.0
	state	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.5
	MTF	4.5	4.6	4.0	3.7
Combined	county	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.1
	state	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1

Table 12: Inhalants - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	5.3	2.8	2.0	2.3
	state	3.5	3.5	3.1	3.1
8	county	7.1	7.3	7.0	4.1
	state	7.1	6.9	5.7	5.7
	MTF	10.8	10.8	9.4	7.7
10	county	10.1	8.9	7.1	9.4
	state	7.7	6.8	5.9	5.2
	MTF	8.7	8.7	7.2	6.6
12	county	7.0	7.5	8.2	3.6
	state	6.1	5.6	5.0	3.9
	MTF	6.9	6.5	5.7	5.0
Combined	county	7.2	6.4	5.8	4.8
	state	6.1	5.7	4.9	4.5

Table 13: Synthetic Marijuana - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
8	county	6.5	4.3	5.0	2.7
	state	2.4	2.1	1.5	1.4
10	county	10.0	11.6	14.4	6.5
	state	6.1	4.4	3.5	2.6
12	county	21.0	11.8	10.7	7.1
	state	10.1	7.6	5.3	3.6
Combined	county	8.3	6.1	7.0	3.5
	state	4.2	3.2	2.4	1.8

	Table 14: Meth - Lifetime Use						
Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17		
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	state	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2		
8	county	1.3	0.0	1.4	0.0		
	state	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5		
	MTF	1.4	1.0	0.8	0.6		
10	county	0.0	1.8	0.7	1.4		
	state	1.4	1.3	1.2	0.9		
	MTF	1.6	1.4	1.3	0.7		
12	county	1.0	3.2	0.0	1.2		
	state	2.1	2.0	1.6	1.3		
	MTF	1.5	1.9	1.0	1.2		
Combined	county	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.6		
	state	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7		

Table 15: Bath Salts - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	1.3	0.0	1.4	0.0
	state	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1
8	county	1.3	0.0	0.7	0.7
	state	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.6
10	county	1.8	0.0	0.7	0.7
	state	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9
12	county	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0
	state	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
Combined	county	1.2	0.0	1.0	0.4
	state	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.4

Table 16: Heroin - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.0
	state	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
8	county	0.0	1.2	1.4	0.0
	state	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.5
	MTF	1.0	0.9	0.5	0.5
10	county	1.8	1.8	1.4	2.9
	state	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7
	MTF	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.6
12	county	1.0	1.1	0.0	0.0
	state	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.3
	MTF	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.7
Combined	county	0.6	1.2	1.0	0.7
	state	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6

Table 17: Ecstasy - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
8	county	0.6	0.6	1.4	0.0
	state	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4
	MTF	1.8	1.4	2.3	1.7
10	county	1.8	0.0	2.2	2.2
	state	2.0	1.9	1.5	1.2
	MTF	5.7	3.7	3.8	2.8
12	county	3.0	1.1	2.4	1.2
	state	3.5	2.7	2.8	2.4
	MTF	7.1	5.6	5.9	4.9
Combined	county	1.2	0.4	1.4	0.7
	state	1.4	1.2	1.1	0.9

		-	-		
Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	2.0	0.7	2.0	1.8
	state	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.5
8	county	5.8	7.9	3.6	3.4
	state	4.4	5.1	5.0	5.1
10	county	10.9	11.6	13.1	10.9
	state	10.3	11.0	10.3	9.2
12	county	10.0	12.9	11.9	16.7
	state	14.3	15.5	14.1	13.2
	MTF	21.5	19.9	18.3	_
Combined	county	6.6	7.6	7.1	6.9
	state	7.0	7.6	7.2	6.9

Table 18: Prescription Drugs - Lifetime Use

Table 19: Over-The-Counter Drugs - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.7	0.0	1.4	1.2
	state	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
8	county	2.6	3.0	2.9	2.0
	state	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.4
10	county	3.6	9.0	8.6	5.8
	state	5.3	4.6	4.3	3.7
12	county	5.0	4.3	9.5	4.8
	state	5.9	5.5	5.2	4.6
Combined	county	2.7	3.7	5.1	3.1
	state	3.4	3.1	3.0	2.8

Table 20: Alcopops - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	5.3	2.1	2.0	4.7
	state	3.8	3.7	3.3	3.2
8	county	16.9	22.4	18.2	14.3
	state	14.3	13.9	12.4	11.5
	MTF	21.9	19.2	19.3	-
10	county	39.1	36.9	42.8	36.2
	state	30.1	28.9	26.9	24.1
	MTF	44.9	42.3	38.7	-
12	county	41.8	48.4	37.3	42.9
	state	40.5	39.9	37.2	34.8
	MTF	58.9	57.5	55.6	18.0
Combined	county	23.0	24.7	23.3	21.4
	state	20.3	19.7	18.1	16.8

Table 21: Any Drug - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	6.6	4.9	5.4	5.2
	state	6.8	7.4	7.2	7.7
8	county	19.7	19.3	13.4	15.2
	state	16.0	16.3	15.3	15.3
10	county	36.0	31.2	34.3	28.4
	state	29.4	28.9	27.2	26.3
12	county	37.0	40.9	30.6	38.1
	state	38.3	39.7	36.9	36.3
Combined	county	22.7	21.7	19.6	18.9
	state	21.0	21.3	20.1	19.9

Table 22: Alcohol - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	1.3	2.8	0.0	0.6
	state	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.2
8	county	13.5	14.5	10.6	8.0
	state	7.0	7.6	6.8	6.4
	MTF	10.2	9.0	9.7	7.3
10	county	26.1	25.9	28.6	19.3
	state	19.0	19.5	18.1	16.1
	MTF	25.7	23.5	21.5	19.9
12	county	33.0	34.8	14.1	23.8
	state	29.0	30.2	27.8	26.2
	MTF	39.2	37.4	35.3	33.2
Combined	county	16.4	17.4	13.0	11.0
	state	12.6	13.0	12.0	11.1

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.2
	state	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.9
8	county	6.7	9.0	5.5	5.3
	state	4.5	4.6	3.6	3.2
	MTF	4.5	4.0	3.6	2.6
10	county	19.5	17.2	19.1	15.8
	state	10.9	10.3	8.7	7.6
	MTF	9.1	7.2	6.3	4.9
12	county	31.0	25.0	18.2	17.4
	state	17.5	16.7	14.2	13.7
	MTF	16.3	13.6	11.4	10.5
Combined	county	12.7	11.6	10.1	8.7
	state	7.6	7.3	6.0	5.6

Table 23: Cigarettes - Past 30 Day Use

Table 24: Chewing Tobacco - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	3.3	2.1	3.4	1.2
	state	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0
8	county	6.7	5.6	9.0	8.6
	state	4.3	4.2	3.4	3.2
	MTF	2.8	3.0	3.2	2.5
10	county	11.6	8.6	13.5	15.1
	state	8.4	8.5	7.2	6.2
	MTF	6.4	5.3	4.9	3.5
12	county	16.0	20.0	12.5	7.0
	state	10.4	10.4	9.1	8.7
	MTF	8.1	8.4	6.1	6.6
Combined	county	8.6	7.9	9.2	7.7
	state	5.6	5.6	4.8	4.3

Table 25: Marijuana - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0
	state	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4
8	county	7.1	6.7	4.3	3.3
	state	3.9	4.3	3.5	3.5
	MTF	7.0	6.5	6.5	5.4
10	county	9.1	9.8	17.9	8.5
	state	11.2	11.4	10.2	10.0
	MTF	18.0	16.6	14.8	14.0
12	county	15.2	15.1	9.4	7.1
	state	16.3	16.6	16.2	16.2
	MTF	22.7	21.2	21.3	22.5
Combined	county	7.0	7.6	7.6	4.2
	state	7.1	7.3	6.7	6.7

Table 26: Hallucinogens - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
8	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
	MTF	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4
10	county	0.9	0.0	0.7	2.1
	state	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6
	MTF	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
12	county	1.0	1.1	0.0	0.0
	state	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.2
	MTF	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.0
Combined	county	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.6
	state	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0
	state	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
8	county	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.7
	state	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3
	MTF	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3
10	county	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.0
	state	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4
	MTF	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.4
12	county	1.0	1.1	0.0	0.0
	state	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
	MTF	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.9
Combined	county	1.0	0.8	0.2	0.2
	state	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3

Table 27: Cocaine - Past 30 Day Use

Table 28: Inhalants - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	2.6	1.4	1.4	1.8
	state	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.4
8	county	3.8	4.2	0.7	2.0
	state	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.0
	MTF	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.8
10	county	2.8	4.5	2.9	2.9
	state	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.4
	MTF	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.0
12	county	0.0	2.2	1.2	0.0
	state	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.7
	MTF	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.8
Combined	county	2.5	3.1	1.6	1.8
	state	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.4

Table 29: Synthetic Marijuana - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
8	county	1.3	0.0	1.4	0.7
	state	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6
10	county	1.8	3.6	6.5	2.2
	state	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.9
12	county	4.0	3.2	0.0	0.0
	state	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.6
Combined	county	1.8	1.4	2.2	0.7
	state	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5

Table 30: Meth - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
8	county	0.6	0.0	0.7	0.0
	state	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
	MTF	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3
10	county	0.0	0.9	0.0	1.4
	state	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
	MTF	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2
12	county	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.3
	MTF	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3
Combined	county	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.4
	state	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2

Table 31: Bath Salts - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9
8	county	0.6	0.0	0.7	0.0
	state	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
10	county	0.9	0.0	0.7	0.7
	state	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
12	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
Combined	county	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.2
	state	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
8	county	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0
	state	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2
	MTF	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2
10	county	0.9	0.0	0.0	1.4
	state	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
	MTF	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2
12	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
	MTF	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2
Combined	county	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4
	state	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2

Table 32: Heroin - Past 30 Day Use

Table 33: Ecstasy - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
8	county	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
	MTF	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3
10	county	0.9	0.0	1.4	0.7
	state	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.3
	MTF	1.2	0.8	0.9	0.5
12	county	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7
	MTF	1.5	1.4	1.1	0.9
Combined	county	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.2
	state	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3

Table 34: Prescription Drugs - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.7	0.0	0.0	1.2
	state	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1
8	county	3.2	3.7	0.7	2.8
	state	2.2	2.5	2.3	2.4
10	county	2.7	7.1	6.6	2.9
	state	4.7	5.1	4.8	4.0
12	county	1.0	5.4	2.4	7.2
	state	5.7	6.4	5.8	5.2
	MTF	7.0	6.4	5.9	-
Combined	county	1.9	3.7	2.4	3.0
	state	3.1	3.4	3.2	3.0

Table 35: Over-The-Counter Drugs - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
	state	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
8	county	2.0	1.8	0.7	0.7
	state	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2
10	county	0.9	3.6	3.6	1.5
	state	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.5
12	county	3.0	1.1	2.4	2.4
	state	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.5
Combined	county	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.1
	state	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.1

Table 36: Alcopops - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	1.3	1.4	0.0	0.6
	state	1.3	1.1	0.9	1.0
8	county	8.4	8.5	5.8	6.1
	state	5.2	5.2	4.5	4.1
	MTF	6.3	5.7	5.5	-
10	county	17.1	9.9	22.3	10.8
	state	12.2	12.4	11.3	9.5
	MTF	15.5	14.0	12.8	_
12	county	18.0	22.8	9.5	21.2
	state	17.3	18.4	17.1	15.9
	MTF	21.0	19.9	20.8	5.4
Combined	county	10.1	9.4	9.3	7.9
	state	8.2	8.3	7.6	6.8

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	3.3	3.4	1.4	2.9
	state	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.7
8	county	10.3	10.8	5.6	8.7
	state	7.9	8.3	7.5	7.3
10	county	14.4	17.0	20.7	9.9
	state	15.3	15.1	14.0	13.2
12	county	19.0	20.4	11.8	11.9
	state	19.8	20.3	19.5	18.9
Combined	county	10.8	11.8	9.5	7.7
	state	10.8	10.9	10.3	9.9

Table 37: Any Drug - Past 30 Day Use

Table 38: Binge Drinking

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.6
	state	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6
8	county	7.1	5.5	5.8	4.1
	state	4.1	4.4	3.7	3.3
10	county	15.6	8.2	18.1	10.1
	state	11.6	12.0	10.9	9.6
12	county	20.2	18.5	12.0	13.3
	state	18.8	19.5	17.6	16.6
Combined	county	9.4	7.1	8.7	6.0
	state	7.8	8.1	7.2	6.6

Table 39: Pack of Cigarettes

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0
	state	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
8	county	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0
	state	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
10	county	2.7	0.0	2.8	2.1
	state	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.5
12	county	7.0	5.2	4.5	4.7
	state	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.1
Combined	county	1.9	1.1	1.7	1.3
	state	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4

Table 40: Suspended from School

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	4.0	4.0	2.0	7.6
	state	10.1	10.0	9.5	9.9
8	county	11.3	10.6	10.7	12.3
	state	13.5	13.4	12.5	12.7
10	county	12.5	9.9	10.7	12.8
	state	11.4	11.4	10.5	11.3
12	county	7.0	6.3	13.2	6.9
	state	8.8	8.5	8.1	7.9
Combined	county	8.7	7.9	8.7	10.1
	state	11.2	11.0	10.4	10.7

Table 41: Drunk or High at School

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	1.3	0.7	1.3	0.0
	state	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.9
8	county	6.0	10.0	2.0	3.2
	state	5.2	5.3	4.6	4.7
10	county	14.2	10.7	14.3	10.8
	state	12.3	11.5	10.6	10.3
12	county	18.2	17.7	13.2	7.0
	state	15.8	15.1	14.1	13.6
Combined	county	8.7	9.0	7.0	4.8
	state	7.9	7.5	6.8	6.7

Table 42: Sold Illegal Drugs

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3
8	county	4.2	2.8	2.7	1.9
	state	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6
10	county	2.7	3.3	9.3	5.4
	state	5.3	5.0	4.7	4.3
12	county	4.0	8.4	7.7	2.3
	state	6.8	7.1	6.4	6.4
Combined	county	2.7	3.1	4.6	2.3
	state	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.8

Table 43: Stolen a Vehicle

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	2.0	0.7	0.7	0.6
	state	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.7
8	county	0.0	1.7	0.7	1.9
	state	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3
10	county	2.7	2.5	1.4	1.4
	state	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7
12	county	0.0	1.0	2.2	0.0
	state	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2
Combined	county	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.1
	state	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2

Table 44: Been Arrested

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	2.0	2.1	0.0	1.8
	state	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.1
8	county	4.8	3.4	0.7	3.9
	state	3.3	3.1	2.5	2.6
10	county	8.0	5.8	6.4	3.4
	state	4.9	4.5	4.0	3.6
12	county	2.0	7.3	3.3	0.0
	state	5.0	4.3	4.0	3.6
Combined	county	4.2	4.3	2.5	2.5
	state	3.5	3.1	2.8	2.6

Table 45: Attacked to Harm

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	12.0	6.1	9.5	8.7
	state	8.2	7.0	6.3	6.8
8	county	10.1	11.7	9.3	7.8
	state	11.5	9.2	8.9	8.5
10	county	16.8	10.7	14.3	7.4
	state	11.7	9.9	9.2	8.7
12	county	12.1	11.5	9.9	5.7
	state	9.6	8.3	7.4	7.2
Combined	county	12.5	9.9	10.8	7.7
	state	10.3	8.6	8.0	7.8

Table 46: Carried a Handgun

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	8.0	4.1	4.1	5.9
	state	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.3
8	county	3.6	3.9	3.3	3.9
	state	4.7	5.1	4.9	5.6
10	county	13.3	5.0	6.4	6.8
	state	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.6
12	county	3.0	4.3	5.5	4.6
	state	4.8	5.3	5.2	6.2
Combined	county	6.8	4.2	4.7	5.4
	state	4.7	5.0	4.8	5.3

Table 47: Handgun to School

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
	state	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3
8	county	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4
10	county	0.0	2.5	1.4	1.4
	state	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7
12	county	0.0	2.1	3.3	1.1
	state	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
Combined	county	0.2	0.9	0.9	0.7
	state	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

Table 48: Community Risk - High Community Disorganization

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	40.4	32.4	33.3	44.0
	state	34.4	32.8	33.0	31.9
8	county	30.5	34.8	29.4	34.8
	state	29.7	29.3	28.7	28.9
10	county	53.8	48.6	50.7	61.8
	state	43.1	41.9	41.8	42.4
12	county	49.5	51.1	53.2	45.9
	state	41.8	41.2	41.4	42.4
Combined	county	42.0	40.1	40.2	46.4
	state	36.6	35.7	35.5	35.7

Table 49: Community Risk - Transitions and Mobility

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	34.7	30.9	39.9	33.3
	state	46.9	46.9	48.0	47.4
8	county	45.1	45.8	44.5	33.3
	state	52.2	51.3	51.9	50.5
10	county	37.8	40.4	47.4	48.8
	state	57.1	57.6	56.4	55.0
12	county	44.8	27.5	41.6	45.9
	state	50.2	48.9	48.2	47.6
Combined	county	40.4	36.7	43.5	39.3
	state	51.7	51.3	51.3	50.3

Table 50: Community Risk - Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	29.5	33.3	30.0	30.5
	state	33.2	35.4	34.2	35.4
8	county	26.4	41.1	29.3	30.4
	state	27.7	28.9	27.1	28.1
10	county	41.5	41.3	43.2	40.2
	state	36.4	36.7	34.5	35.0
12	county	28.9	36.3	34.2	47.1
	state	29.0	29.1	27.6	28.5
Combined	county	31.0	38.0	34.1	35.6
	state	31.6	32.7	31.0	32.0

Table 51:	Community	Risk - Perceived	Availability of Drugs
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Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	18.4	17.7	14.4	21.8
	state	17.2	16.9	17.0	17.1
8	county	27.9	34.2	23.7	19.4
	state	20.5	20.4	19.2	18.7
10	county	37.7	32.7	43.0	29.2
	state	30.4	29.1	27.7	26.1
12	county	35.8	38.0	28.2	27.1
	state	36.5	34.2	34.0	32.6
Combined	county	28.8	29.9	27.1	23.9
	state	25.3	24.3	23.6	22.8

Table 52: Community Risk - Perceived Availability of Handguns

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	28.2	22.7	27.1	33.1
	state	23.4	23.8	23.1	24.0
8	county	44.5	49.3	39.6	34.8
	state	35.6	35.6	34.4	35.4
10	county	44.3	35.6	45.2	35.1
	state	30.1	29.7	28.3	28.0
12	county	36.8	37.0	35.9	35.3
	state	35.3	34.2	32.7	32.9
Combined	county	38.2	36.4	37.0	34.4
	state	31.0	30.7	29.6	29.9

Table 53: Family Risk - Poor Family Management

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	33.1	35.5	34.3	32.1
	state	32.3	33.6	33.0	34.5
8	county	40.0	31.4	26.7	23.5
	state	32.1	25.9	24.2	24.8
10	county	37.0	30.7	33.6	32.5
	state	32.7	24.5	22.4	22.4
12	county	35.8	30.0	21.8	30.5
	state	34.2	22.9	22.7	22.6
Combined	county	36.5	32.2	30.0	29.7
	state	32.7	27.0	25.7	26.4

Table 54: Family Risk - Family History of Antisocial Behavior

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	38.8	27.5	32.6	32.9
	state	28.9	29.2	29.2	29.2
8	county	40.4	44.2	40.6	30.5
	state	31.2	31.2	29.8	30.2
10	county	44.3	40.4	50.4	44.9
	state	36.9	35.8	33.5	33.3
12	county	27.4	36.7	40.3	33.8
	state	34.1	33.7	31.9	32.6
Combined	county	38.1	37.0	40.9	35.5
	state	32.6	32.3	31.0	31.2

Table 55: Family Risk - Parental Attitudes Favorable to ATOD

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	11.6	10.1	8.5	13.4
	state	8.6	8.9	9.0	9.9
8	county	24.0	34.2	27.6	23.0
	state	17.6	18.5	17.1	18.3
10	county	48.1	36.9	36.6	35.9
	state	29.7	29.6	27.3	27.6
12	county	36.5	41.3	41.0	36.9
	state	30.3	30.2	27.6	30.1
Combined	county	27.8	29.2	26.7	25.3
	state	20.7	20.9	19.5	20.6

Table 56: Family Risk - Parental Attitudes Favorable to ASB

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	25.2	29.5	27.8	31.4
	state	27.0	26.7	27.7	29.3
8	county	45.9	44.5	40.6	35.3
	state	38.2	38.0	38.5	38.5
10	county	56.7	48.5	51.1	50.4
	state	43.0	42.9	41.3	41.3
12	county	40.0	47.8	39.7	47.6
	state	40.7	40.3	38.1	38.7
Combined	county	40.9	41.7	39.6	39.8
	state	36.9	36.6	36.3	36.7

Table 57: School Risk - Academic Failure

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	46.6	46.0	37.5	40.0
	state	38.9	39.0	39.1	39.2
8	county	52.1	43.7	33.6	44.1
	state	39.9	40.4	38.9	39.9
10	county	45.9	41.5	46.8	45.0
	state	43.5	43.9	42.6	42.8
12	county	31.7	35.8	35.6	44.3
	state	36.7	37.1	36.7	37.9
Combined	county	45.3	42.4	38.6	43.3
	state	39.9	40.2	39.5	40.1

Table 58: School Risk - Low Commitment to School

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	38.8	34.7	38.5	37.8
	state	39.7	36.8	36.8	37.3
8	county	41.7	51.1	40.0	43.8
	state	34.5	36.7	37.0	37.8
10	county	53.9	51.6	52.4	54.6
	state	41.9	43.1	43.3	43.9
12	county	56.3	52.1	49.5	63.2
	state	45.7	41.9	44.4	44.0
Combined	county	46.3	47.0	44.5	47.9
	state	39.8	39.3	39.9	40.4

Table 59: Peer Risk - Early Initiation of Drug Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	22.0	17.6	11.6	16.6
	state	17.7	17.0	16.2	16.4
8	county	23.8	31.5	23.8	20.8
	state	18.7	18.7	16.7	15.7
10	county	26.3	24.0	37.1	30.4
	state	24.0	23.1	20.2	18.8
12	county	39.0	33.3	27.5	31.8
	state	24.7	23.8	21.7	21.2
Combined	county	26.7	26.3	24.6	23.8
	state	20.8	20.3	18.4	17.7

Table 60: Peer Risk - Early Initiation of ASB

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	20.8	10.2	5.4	16.6
	state	22.0	16.7	16.2	16.4
8	county	24.4	21.6	18.4	17.2
	state	30.2	24.9	23.1	23.6
10	county	40.9	25.2	26.6	24.3
	state	34.2	27.5	26.1	27.2
12	county	37.6	23.4	25.6	25.0
	state	33.7	27.9	26.2	27.4
Combined	county	29.5	19.6	18.2	20.2
	state	29.6	23.8	22.5	23.2

Table 61: Peer Risk - Peer Favorable Attitudes to ASB

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	29.8	26.0	26.0	27.1
	state	33.9	22.8	23.3	25.7
8	county	35.1	37.5	24.0	30.1
	state	27.8	26.8	25.4	26.5
10	county	43.0	36.7	46.0	45.9
	state	36.6	36.6	34.2	33.9
12	county	34.7	38.5	39.6	38.8
	state	34.8	35.7	34.6	34.5
Combined	county	35.2	34.4	33.1	34.8
	state	32.9	29.8	28.7	29.7

Table 62: Peer Risk - Peer Favorable Attitudes to Drug Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	17.2	13.6	10.1	9.9
	state	14.5	13.1	12.6	13.5
8	county	23.2	27.8	21.3	17.5
	state	19.8	20.6	18.8	19.7
10	county	35.4	38.8	41.1	37.3
	state	32.5	32.6	30.3	31.2
12	county	33.7	34.4	34.1	26.4
	state	32.4	33.1	30.4	31.2
Combined	county	26.1	27.6	25.7	21.9
	state	23.8	23.8	22.1	23.0

Table 63: Peer Risk - Low Perceived Risk of Drug Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	33.8	28.0	31.5	29.8
	state	36.7	36.9	35.5	38.3
8	county	49.4	53.1	39.9	43.4
	state	43.8	46.5	44.6	48.4
10	county	47.3	47.0	52.1	57.1
	state	47.5	50.3	48.1	51.7
12	county	65.0	60.4	55.2	63.5
	state	54.7	56.5	57.3	59.6
Combined	county	47.4	46.3	43.4	46.0
	state	44.8	46.6	45.3	48.5

Table 64: Peer Risk - Interaction with Antisocial Peers

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	28.0	19.0	12.2	30.5
	state	36.0	33.2	32.4	32.2
8	county	44.9	52.0	38.5	31.6
	state	44.7	42.8	40.4	40.5
10	county	53.5	43.8	49.6	33.6
	state	46.5	44.1	41.4	41.6
12	county	46.0	47.9	51.6	37.9
	state	45.0	43.4	41.0	40.2
Combined	county	42.2	40.5	36.4	32.8
	state	42.8	40.5	38.6	38.4

Table 65: Peer Risk - Friends' Use of Drugs

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	22.0	13.6	8.8	12.0
	state	16.1	14.9	14.6	13.7
8	county	25.7	36.9	25.0	16.2
	state	22.5	23.0	20.7	19.8
10	county	25.4	28.7	35.0	23.3
	state	28.0	26.8	23.6	22.3
12	county	31.0	35.8	25.3	26.4
	state	26.0	26.2	23.0	22.2
Combined	county	25.6	28.5	23.2	18.5
	state	22.8	22.2	20.2	19.2

Table 66: Peer Risk - Peer Rewards for Antisocial Involvement

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	34.7	25.0	23.0	33.3
	state	22.9	24.4	24.5	26.1
8	county	36.9	47.8	40.0	31.2
	state	33.5	36.2	34.1	35.3
10	county	43.4	40.0	46.5	40.4
	state	41.7	42.4	39.8	40.3
12	county	49.5	51.6	45.6	56.3
	state	55.4	56.9	53.8	53.9
Combined	county	40.1	40.5	37.9	38.2
	state	36.8	38.3	36.6	37.5

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	35.1	31.0	33.3	38.4
	state	34.5	35.5	34.6	35.3
8	county	45.2	48.3	39.5	41.4
	state	41.1	42.5	42.1	42.9
10	county	50.5	56.2	53.9	57.1
	state	46.0	48.1	47.1	48.6
12	county	34.0	36.8	42.2	62.1
	state	40.1	42.6	44.5	46.6
Combined	county	41.3	43.5	42.1	47.8
	state	40.3	41.9	41.7	42.9

Table 67: Peer Risk - Depressive Symptoms

Table 68: Peer Risk - Gang Involvement

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	14.6	12.2	10.1	13.1
	state	16.0	15.1	14.8	15.7
8	county	7.7	13.5	12.2	7.2
	state	13.3	13.0	11.7	12.1
10	county	24.1	18.2	22.7	19.0
	state	21.9	20.1	19.6	20.4
12	county	26.0	21.9	26.4	24.1
	state	23.0	21.6	21.6	22.1
Combined	county	16.6	15.7	16.9	14.8
	state	18.0	16.9	16.4	17.1

Table 69: School Protective - S	School Opportunities for PSI
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Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	56.9	61.7	59.2	58.0
	state	52.7	54.0	54.5	56.1
8	county	68.0	64.2	74.5	68.8
	state	67.4	67.4	70.5	70.7
10	county	62.3	51.6	63.4	52.3
	state	65.2	64.3	66.9	67.8
12	county	68.9	57.7	57.1	63.3
	state	65.7	65.4	65.8	65.4
Combined	county	63.8	59.5	64.3	60.3
	state	62.5	62.5	64.3	64.9

Table 70: School Protective - School Rewards for PSI

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	64.7	66.2	66.0	65.9
	state	56.4	54.6	54.7	53.8
8	county	50.9	41.6	50.7	52.2
	state	55.3	53.7	53.6	53.1
10	county	65.8	54.0	52.1	46.4
	state	62.5	60.9	61.5	60.4
12	county	45.6	37.1	44.0	35.6
	state	48.4	47.5	46.2	46.0
Combined	county	57.0	50.4	54.2	52.2
	state	56.0	54.6	54.5	53.8

Table 71: Peer Protective - Religiosity

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	64.7	59.9	66.4	61.3
	state	61.5	61.9	63.4	60.0
8	county	68.5	68.2	69.6	60.1
	state	66.9	67.1	66.9	65.0
10	county	58.4	63.6	59.2	58.6
	state	63.9	64.1	64.1	62.3
12	county	84.8	78.9	80.0	76.7
	state	84.4	83.7	82.0	81.0
Combined	county	68.3	66.8	67.7	62.7
	state	68.0	68.1	68.0	65.9

			Bought It					Home			Took It	
		Bought It	Myself	Someone I	Someone I		Home WITH	WITHOUT		A Stranger	From a	
		Myself WITH	WITHOUT a	Know Age 21	Know Under	My Brother	Parents'	Parents'	Another	Bought It	Store or	
		a Fake ID	Fake ID	or Older	Age 21	or Sister	Permission	Permission	Relative	For Me	Shop	Other
6	county	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.0	22.2	0.0	11.1	11.1	0.0	0.0	44.4
	state	2.0	0.8	13.8	4.0	3.6	17.1	8.5	5.8	0.9	0.7	42.9
8	county	0.0	0.0	41.7	4.2	0.0	8.3	4.2	8.3	0.0	0.0	33.3
	state	0.8	0.6	18.1	9.1	5.5	17.0	16.2	8.2	1.2	0.5	22.8
10	county	1.6	3.2	30.6	11.3	3.2	17.7	3.2	3.2	1.6	1.6	22.6
	state	0.7	1.0	28.2	15.3	3.6	14.0	10.3	5.9	1.4	0.4	19.4
12	county	0.0	4.9	48.8	12.2	2.4	7.3	12.2	2.4	2.4	0.0	7.3
	state	1.2	2.6	42.0	14.2	3.3	11.4	3.7	4.0	1.7	0.4	15.4
Combined	county	0.7	2.9	36.8	9.6	3.7	11.8	6.6	4.4	1.5	0.7	21.3
	state	1.0	1.5	30.6	13.0	3.8	13.8	8.7	5.6	1.5	0.5	20.1

Table 72: Sources of Alcohol

Table 73: Location of Alcohol Use

				Open Area	Sporting	Restaurant,	Empty			
			Someone	Like a	Event or	Bar, or a	Building or			
		My Home	Else's Home	Park, etc.	Concert	Nightclub	Site	Hotel/Motel	In a Car	At School
6	county	33.3	33.3	16.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.7	0.0
	state	52.0	27.1	8.8	2.1	2.5	1.4	1.8	3.3	0.9
8	county	42.9	33.3	19.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	46.9	36.2	8.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.7
10	county	31.6	50.9	10.5	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	3.5
	state	35.8	49.1	8.3	1.1	1.2	0.5	1.1	1.6	1.5
12	county	25.0	61.4	13.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	28.4	55.6	9.2	1.2	1.6	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.6
Combined	county	31.2	50.8	13.3	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.0	1.6	1.6
	state	35.8	48.1	8.7	1.3	1.5	0.7	1.3	1.6	1.1

		NO!	no	yes	YES!
6	county	5.8	6.4	36.0	51.7
	state	5.1	8.9	39.6	46.5
8	county	3.8	21.8	55.1	19.2
	state	6.3	13.5	52.2	28.1
10	county	8.5	17.6	60.1	13.7
	state	7.0	15.3	56.6	21.1
12	county	5.6	15.6	54.4	24.4
	state	6.7	13.5	57.9	21.9
Combined	county	6.0	15.1	50.6	28.4
	state	6.2	12.6	50.8	30.3

Table 74: I feel safe at my school.

Table 75: How often have you taken a handgun to school?

		Never	1-2 times	3-5 times	6-9 times	10-19 times	20-29 times	30-39 times	40+ times
6	county	99.4	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	99.7	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	county	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	99.6	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
10	county	98.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4
	state	99.3	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
12	county	98.9	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	99.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2
Combined	county	99.3	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
	state	99.5	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1

				A Little	Not Wrong
		Very Wrong	Wrong	Bit Wrong	at All
6	county	90.6	5.9	2.4	1.2
	state	91.1	6.7	1.6	0.6
8	county	81.9	16.8	1.3	0.0
	state	85.5	10.9	2.8	0.8
10	county	83.4	11.9	3.3	1.3
	state	85.0	10.4	3.2	1.3
12	county	87.2	7.0	3.5	2.3
	state	87.0	8.8	3.0	1.3
Combined	county	85.8	10.7	2.5	1.1
	state	87.2	9.2	2.6	1.0

Table 76: How wrong do you think it is for someone your age to take a handgun to school?

Table 77: Have any of your brothers/sisters ever taken a handgun to school?

				l don't have any
		No	Yes	brothers or sisters
6	county	93.3	1.8	4.8
	state	95.5	0.9	3.6
8	county	96.9	0.8	2.3
	state	94.5	1.3	4.2
10	county	93.0	3.9	3.1
	state	93.8	1.7	4.5
12	county	95.1	0.0	4.9
	state	92.7	2.1	5.2
Combined	county	94.5	1.8	3.8
	state	94.2	1.5	4.3

5 AGE OF FIRST USE

The No Child Left Behind Profile looks specifically at student responses to the questions "*How old were you when you first* ...". The questions cover both first incidences of drug use (marijuana, cigarettes, alcohol, and regular use of alcohol) and first incidences of antisocial behaviors (suspension, arrest, carrying a gun, attacking someone and belonging to a gang). Possible responses to these questions range from age 10 to age 17 or the student can respond to the question with "*Never*". The average age figures are based only on those students who responded to the question with an answer other than "*Never*".

Table 78: Avg Age of First Marijuana

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	11.5	12.0	10.0	10.5
	state	10.9	11.0	11.0	10.9
8	county	12.8	12.4	12.6	12.2
	state	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.1
10	county	13.5	13.3	13.0	13.3
	state	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
12	county	14.2	14.0	14.5	14.4
	state	14.6	14.7	14.7	14.7
Combined	county	13.7	13.4	13.4	13.5
	state	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.8

Table 79: Avg Age of First Cigarettes

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	10.4	10.5	10.4	10.1
	state	10.4	10.4	10.5	10.4
8	county	11.4	11.7	11.5	11.2
	state	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
10	county	12.1	12.3	11.9	12.2
	state	12.5	12.5	12.6	12.6
12	county	13.2	12.9	13.0	13.5
	state	13.6	13.7	13.7	13.8
Combined	county	12.1	12.1	12.0	12.2
	state	12.4	12.5	12.5	12.5

Table 80: Avg Age of First Alcohol

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	10.5	10.3	10.8	10.6
	state	10.4	10.5	10.4	10.4
8	county	11.8	11.9	11.7	12.0
	state	11.6	11.7	11.7	11.6
10	county	12.7	12.8	12.7	12.8
	state	13.0	13.1	13.1	13.2
12	county	13.8	13.6	13.9	14.2
	state	14.3	14.3	14.4	14.4
Combined	county	12.5	12.5	12.6	12.8
	state	12.8	12.9	12.9	12.9

Table 81: Avg Age of First Regular Alcohol Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	11.0	11.0	15.0	12.0
	state	10.8	10.8	11.0	11.1
8	county	12.1	12.7	12.1	12.0
	state	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.2
10	county	13.5	13.3	13.4	13.9
	state	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.2
12	county	15.5	14.9	15.2	15.6
	state	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.5
Combined	county	14.2	13.8	13.9	14.3
	state	14.2	14.3	14.4	14.4

Table 82: Avg Age of First E-Cigarettes, E-Cigars or E-Hookahs

	0 0		.	0	
Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	11.2	14.5	10.2
	state	0.0	10.8	10.8	10.7
8	county	0.0	12.9	12.7	12.2
	state	0.0	12.6	12.4	12.2
10	county	0.0	14.1	14.0	13.6
	state	0.0	14.4	14.1	13.8
12	county	0.0	16.3	15.9	15.4
	state	0.0	16.1	15.6	15.2
Combined	county	0.0	14.3	14.4	13.7
	state	0.0	14.5	14.2	13.9

Table 83: Avg Age of First Prescription Drugs

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	0.0	10.2	11.0	10.3
	state	0.0	10.6	10.5	10.6
8	county	0.0	12.2	11.8	11.5
	state	0.0	11.9	11.9	11.8
10	county	0.0	12.1	13.3	12.9
	state	0.0	13.5	13.6	13.4
12	county	0.0	14.3	14.8	13.8
	state	0.0	14.8	14.7	14.6
Combined	county	0.0	12.6	13.3	12.7
	state	0.0	13.6	13.5	13.4

Table 84: Avg Age of First School Suspension

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	10.0	10.4	10.8	10.9
	state	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.5
8	county	12.0	12.3	12.3	12.0
	state	11.4	11.4	11.4	11.4
10	county	12.6	12.9	12.3	12.1
	state	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2
12	county	13.2	13.3	13.4	13.1
	state	13.0	13.0	12.9	12.8
Combined	county	12.4	12.5	12.5	12.0
	state	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.8

Table 85: Avg Age of First Been Arrested

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	11.7	11.0	13.0	10.3
	state	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.8
8	county	12.7	11.9	12.0	11.8
	state	12.1	12.2	12.2	12.1
10	county	14.2	14.4	13.0	13.1
	state	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
12	county	14.1	13.6	15.3	15.0
	state	14.8	14.6	14.7	14.6
Combined	county	13.5	13.0	13.6	12.6
	state	13.4	13.3	13.3	13.2

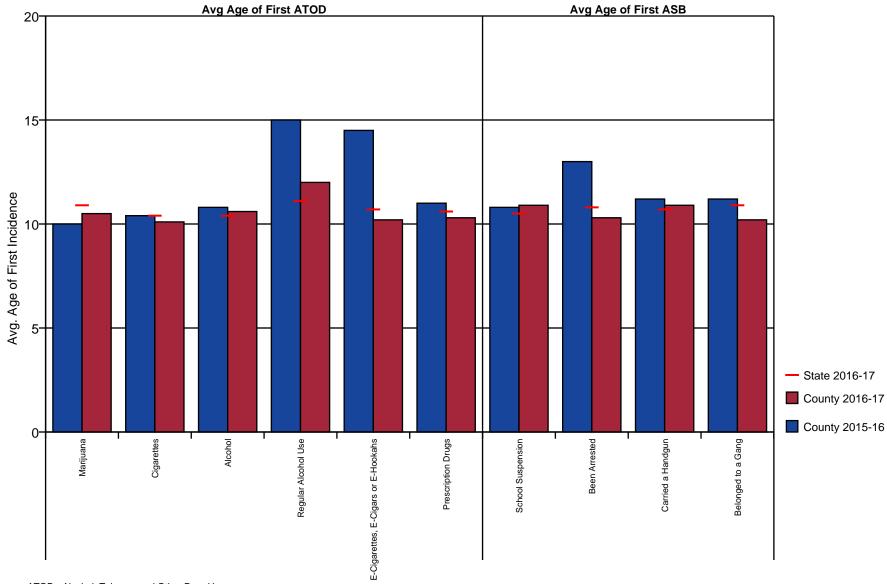
Table 86: Avg Age of First Carried a Handgun

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	10.4	11.1	11.2	10.9
	state	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7
8	county	11.6	12.3	11.0	11.6
	state	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.7
10	county	12.1	11.0	11.6	13.0
	state	12.6	12.6	12.6	12.7
12	county	12.0	14.8	13.7	12.8
	state	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.7
Combined	county	11.5	12.1	11.9	11.9
	state	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.2

Table 87: Avg Age of First Belonged to a Gang

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	11.0	11.0	11.2	10.2
	state	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.9
8	county	11.8	11.8	12.6	12.2
	state	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.1
10	county	13.6	10.5	11.8	13.3
	state	12.7	12.5	12.8	12.9
12	county	14.2	13.7	15.0	10.0
	state	13.0	13.2	13.2	13.0
Combined	county	13.0	11.9	12.4	11.6
	state	12.2	12.1	12.2	12.2

Avg. Age of First Use - Grade 6 Clay County



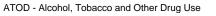
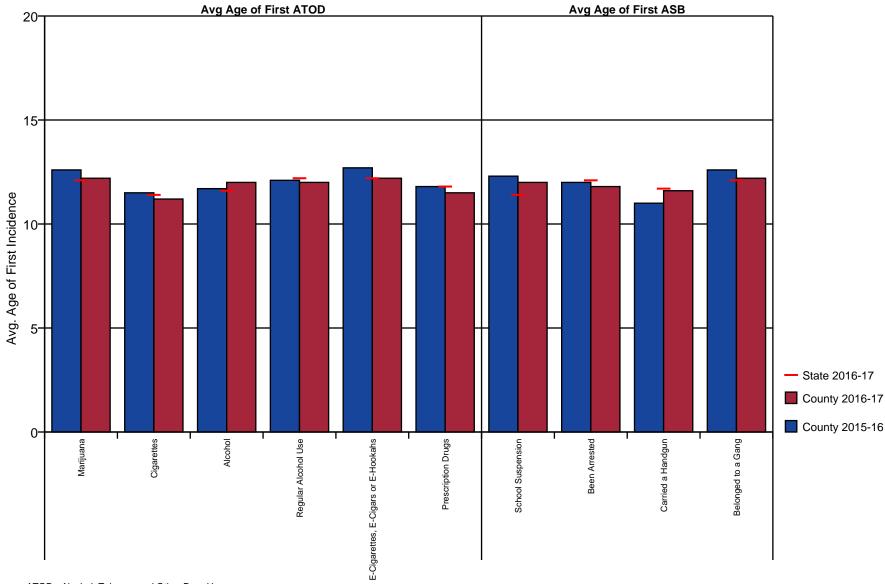


Figure 25: Avg. Age of First Use - Grade 6

Avg. Age of First Use - Grade 8 Clay County



ATOD - Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Use

Figure 26: Avg. Age of First Use - Grade 8

Avg. Age of First Use - Grade 10 Clay County

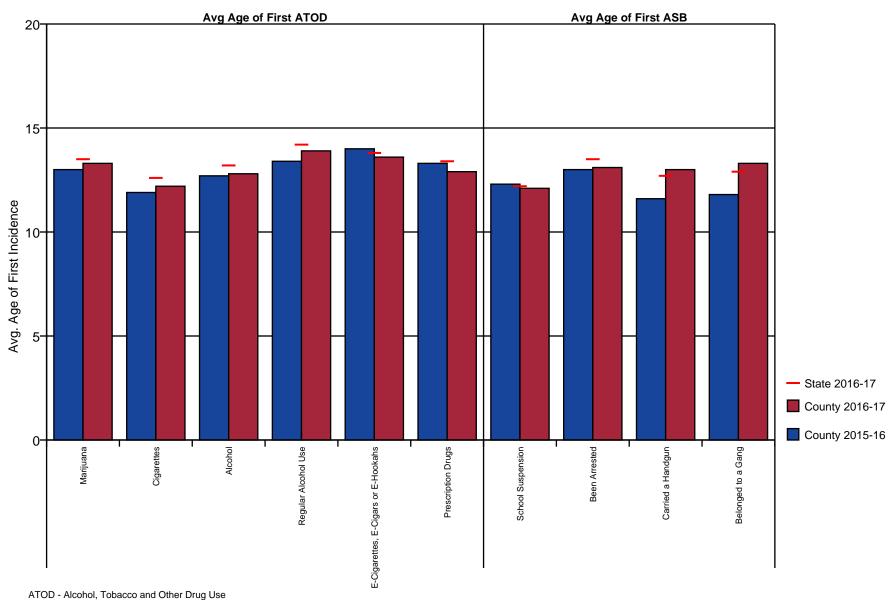


Figure 27: Avg. Age of First Use - Grade 10

Avg. Age of First Use - Grade 12 Clay County

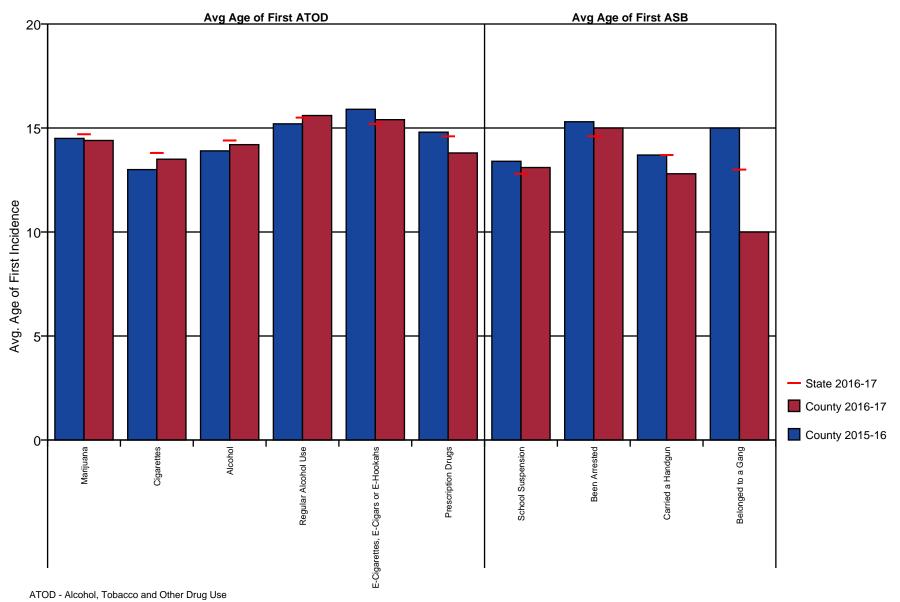


Figure 28: Avg. Age of First Use - Grade 12

6 STUDENT TOBACCO USE, EXPERIENCES AND PREVENTION SERVICES

Tobacco use is the leading preventable cause of death in the United States. The 2014 survey added five new tobacco-related questions (Q49-Q53) to the already existing items (Q45-Q48) to explore this topic.

Arkansas youth typically have higher rates of tobacco use, including both cigarettes and smokeless tobacco, than the national average. Higher tobacco prevalence rates are common across the Southeast United States. This is due to a variety of cultural and economic factors that have traditionally supported greater tobacco use. The following table shows the results of the lifetime and past 30 day use of cigarettes and chewing tobacco.

Table 88: Cigarettes - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	9.3	9.6	4.0	5.8
	state	7.0	6.3	5.7	5.8
8	county	30.1	34.5	26.0	22.4
	state	18.0	18.0	15.5	14.5
10	county	40.7	41.4	42.6	46.6
	state	30.6	29.5	26.3	24.4
12	county	51.5	49.0	38.6	48.8
	state	39.6	39.4	35.3	34.2
Combined	county	30.6	31.8	26.3	27.6
	state	22.2	21.5	19.1	18.2

Table 89: Chewing Tobacco - Lifetime Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	10.7	6.8	8.1	6.4
	state	4.7	4.7	4.1	4.0
8	county	18.4	23.9	19.0	19.2
	state	11.1	11.3	9.9	9.1
10	county	34.5	23.3	30.5	27.6
	state	18.8	18.4	16.9	15.2
12	county	31.7	38.5	29.5	19.8
	state	22.2	22.4	19.9	19.5
Combined	county	22.2	21.7	20.8	17.5
	state	13.3	13.2	11.9	11.1

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.2
	state	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.9
8	county	6.7	9.0	5.5	5.3
	state	4.5	4.6	3.6	3.2
10	county	19.5	17.2	19.1	15.8
	state	10.9	10.3	8.7	7.6
12	county	31.0	25.0	18.2	17.4
	state	17.5	16.7	14.2	13.7
Combined	county	12.7	11.6	10.1	8.7
	state	7.6	7.3	6.0	5.6

Table 90: Cigarettes - Past 30 Day Use

Table 91: Chewing Tobacco - Past 30 Day Use

Grade	Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
6	county	3.3	2.1	3.4	1.2
	state	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0
8	county	6.7	5.6	9.0	8.6
	state	4.3	4.2	3.4	3.2
10	county	11.6	8.6	13.5	15.1
	state	8.4	8.5	7.2	6.2
12	county	16.0	20.0	12.5	7.0
	state	10.4	10.4	9.1	8.7
Combined	county	8.6	7.9	9.2	7.7
	state	5.6	5.6	4.8	4.3

The new tobacco-related items, Q49, explores rules regarding smoking at the student's home or car. Q50-Q51 explores the use of electronic tobacco products and Q52-Q53 assess the availability of tobacco prevention programming within school and community settings. The following tables show the results for these five items.

		Smoking is not allowed anywhere inside your home or	Smoking is allowed in some places and at some times or in	Smoking is allowed anywhere inside the home or	There are no rules about smoking inside the home or	l don't
		cars	some cars	cars	cars	know
6	county	54.4	17.5	2.3	8.8	17.0
	state	67.0	10.4	2.4	3.1	17.1
8	county	57.3	20.7	4.0	5.3	12.7
	state	67.3	10.1	3.4	4.5	14.7
10	county	48.6	15.1	9.6	11.6	15.1
	state	68.6	10.8	3.4	5.5	11.7
12	county	61.9	10.7	9.5	7.1	10.7
	state	69.9	11.1	3.5	6.5	9.0
Combined	county	54.8	16.7	5.8	8.3	14.3
	state	68.0	10.6	3.1	4.7	13.6

Table 92: Which statement best describes rules about smoking inside your home or your family cars?

Table 93: Have you ever used e-cigarettes, e-cigars, or e-hookahs?

				Once in a while but		
			Once or	not	Regularly	Regularly
		Never	Twice	regularly	in the past	now
6	county	95.8	2.4	1.2	0.6	0.0
	state	96.5	2.7	0.4	0.2	0.1
8	county	80.8	12.6	2.6	4.0	0.0
	state	87.6	7.7	2.7	1.2	0.8
10	county	68.7	14.3	10.9	3.4	2.7
	state	75.4	12.8	6.5	3.1	2.1
12	county	60.0	18.8	16.5	4.7	0.0
	state	66.2	15.7	9.6	5.3	3.3
Combined	county	78.9	10.9	6.5	2.9	0.7
	state	83.1	9.0	4.3	2.2	1.4

						About one and one-	Тwo	
			Less than	10 to 50	half	About one	half	cartomisers
			10 puffs	puffs per	cartomiser	cartomiser	cartomisers	or more per
		Not at all	per day	day	per day	per day	per day	day
6	county	98.2	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	state	98.9	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
8	county	91.2	6.1	2.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0
	state	94.8	3.4	1.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2
10	county	83.4	9.0	4.8	0.0	1.4	0.0	1.4
	state	88.8	6.9	2.5	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.5
12	county	83.7	8.1	4.7	1.2	0.0	0.0	2.3
	state	83.0	9.9	4.0	1.1	0.8	0.4	0.8
Combined	county	90.2	5.8	2.6	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.7
	state	92.3	4.7	1.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3

Table 94: How frequently have you used e-cigarettes, e-cigars, or e-hookahs?

Table 95: During this school year, were you taught in any of your classes about the dangers of tobacco use?

						Almost
		Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Often	always
6	county	10.7	7.1	10.7	33.1	38.5
	state	21.3	13.5	21.5	23.3	20.4
8	county	17.7	15.0	28.6	23.8	15.0
	state	24.2	17.3	24.2	19.9	14.3
10	county	46.1	16.3	19.9	10.6	7.1
	state	37.6	20.5	21.6	13.1	7.2
12	county	56.5	16.5	18.8	4.7	3.5
	state	46.8	19.8	18.5	9.7	5.2
Combined	county	29.0	13.1	19.2	20.3	18.5
	state	31.0	17.5	21.7	17.2	12.5

Table 96: During the past 12 months, have you participated in any community activities to discourage people your age from using cigarettes, chewing tobacco, snuff, dip or cigars, e-cigarettes, e-cigars, or e-hookahs?

						Almost
		Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Often	always
6	county	53.6	8.4	13.3	15.1	9.6
	state	62.4	13.3	11.5	6.6	6.1
8	county	64.6	14.6	11.8	6.2	2.8
	state	63.8	15.3	11.1	5.7	4.1
10	county	73.4	11.9	9.1	3.5	2.1
	state	72.2	13.1	8.5	3.8	2.4
12	county	81.2	10.6	4.7	3.5	0.0
	state	76.2	11.2	7.5	3.2	2.0
Combined	county	66.2	11.3	10.4	7.8	4.3
	state	67.9	13.4	9.9	5.0	3.8

7 DRUG-FREE COMMUNITIES SUPPORT PRO-GRAM CORE MEASURES

The Drug-Free Communities Support Program, administered by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention, requests specific data which is typically referred to as the Core Measures. The drug categories measured are cigarettes/tobacco, alcohol, marijuana and prescription drugs and the table is broken down by grade level. For each drug, and at each grade level, the percentage of students who responded positively to the question and the number of students who responded to the question are reported.

- **Past 30-Day Use** The question "On how many occasions (if any) have you ... in the past 30 days?" is used to measure this statistic by reporting the percentage of students who report any use in the past 30 days.
- **Perception of Risk** The question "How much do you think people risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they ...?" is used to measure this statistic by reporting the percentage of students who report that using the drug is a "Moderate Risk" or a "Great Risk" to their health.
- **Perception of Parental Disapproval** The question "*How wrong do your parents feel it would be for you to ...?*" is used to measure this statistic by reporting the percentage of students who report that parents would feel it is "*Wrong*" or "*Very Wrong*" to use tobacco, alcohol and marijuana.
- **Perception of Friends Disapproval** The question "*How wrong do your friends feel it would be for you to ...?*" is used to measure this statistic by reporting the percentage of students who report that friends would feel it is "*Wrong*" or "*Very Wrong*" to use tobacco, alcohol and marijuana.

Table 97: Core Measure by Grade for Past 30 Day Use

	Cigarettes		Alcohol		Marijuana		Presc Drugs	
Grade	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
Grade 6	1.2	171	0.6	172	0.0	172	1.2	168
Grade 8	5.3	151	8.0	150	3.3	150	2.8	145
Grade 10	15.8	146	19.3	140	8.5	141	2.9	138
Grade 12	17.4	86	23.8	84	7.1	84	7.2	83
Combined	8.7	554	11.0	546	4.2	547	3.0	534

Table 98: Core Measure by Grade for Perception of Risk

	Cigarettes		Alcohol		Marijuana		Presc Drugs	
Grade	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
Grade 6	84.7	170	71.9	167	73.4	169	85.1	168
Grade 8	88.7	150	67.8	152	56.4	149	91.2	148
Grade 10	83.7	147	54.4	147	39.4	142	85.0	147
Grade 12	85.9	85	49.4	85	30.6	85	82.4	85
Combined	85.7	552	62.6	551	53.2	545	86.3	548

Table 99: Core Measure by Grade for Parental Disapproval

	Tobacco		Alcohol		Marijuana		Presc Drugs	
Grade	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
Grade 6	98.8	170	98.3	172	99.4	167	99.4	172
Grade 8	97.1	136	94.8	134	94.0	133	97.0	135
Grade 10	88.5	131	90.2	132	87.0	131	94.7	131
Grade 12	88.1	84	88.1	84	86.9	84	92.9	84
Combined	94.0	521	93.7	522	92.8	515	96.6	522

Table 100: Core Measure by Grade for Friends Disapproval

	Tobacco		Alcohol		Marijuana		Presc Drugs	
Grade	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
Grade 6	95.3	171	93.6	171	95.9	169	95.3	171
Grade 8	92.2	141	86.1	144	87.4	143	93.6	140
Grade 10	62.0	137	56.9	137	64.0	136	82.4	136
Grade 12	57.1	84	46.4	84	61.9	84	82.1	84
Combined	79.9	533	74.8	536	80.1	532	89.5	531

Table 101: Core Measure by Sex for Past 30 Day Use

	Cigarettes		Alcohol		Marijuana		Presc Drugs	
Sex	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
Male	8.6	279	10.0	271	3.7	272	1.5	265
Female	8.8	273	12.1	272	4.8	272	4.5	267
Combined	8.7	552	11.0	543	4.2	544	3.0	532

Table 102: Core Measure by Sex for Perception of Risk

	Cigarettes		Alcohol		Marijuana		Presc Drugs	
Sex	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
Male	82.4	278	55.9	279	50.7	276	83.4	277
Female	88.9	271	69.1	269	55.8	267	89.2	269
Combined	85.6	549	62.4	548	53.2	543	86.3	546

Table 103: Core Measure by Sex for Parental Disapproval

	Tobacco		Alcohol		Marijuana		Presc Drugs	
Sex	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
Male	93.7	255	93.8	257	92.9	252	96.5	256
Female	94.3	263	93.5	263	92.7	260	96.6	263
Combined	94.0	518	93.7	520	92.8	512	96.5	519

Table 104: Core Measure by Sex for Friends Disapproval

	Tobacco		Alcohol		Marijuana		Presc Drugs	
Sex	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n	pct	n
Male	79.5	264	74.7	265	79.5	264	89.0	263
Female	80.1	267	74.6	268	80.4	265	89.8	266
Combined	79.8	531	74.7	533	80.0	529	89.4	529

8 PREVENTION RESOURCES

8.1 Regional Prevention Providers (RPP)

Region 1

Operated by Preferred Family Healthcare dba Decision Pt (RPP)

(Counties: Benton, Carroll, Madison, Washington) Ms. Laurie Reh, Representative 614 East Emma Avenue, Suite M426 Springdale, AR 72764 (479) 927-2655 Fax: (479) 927-2752 E-MAIL: Ireh@decision-point.org

Region 2

Operated by Preferred Family Healthcare dba Health Resources of Arkansas (RPP)

 (Counties: Izard, Newton, Searcy, Stone, Van Buren)

 Ms. Margaret Morrison, Representative

 Mailing Address
 Physical Address

 P O Box 492
 106 Mountain Place Sq.

 Mountain View, AR 72560
 Mountain View, AR 72560

 (870) 269-6770
 Fax: (870) 269-2196

 E-MAIL: mmorrison@hra.pfh.org

(Counties: Cleburne, Independence, Jackson, White, Woodruff) Ms. Stacy Taylor, Representative 1800 Myers Street Batesville, AR 72501 (870) 793-8925 ext 1009 Fax: (870) 793-8929 EMAIL: staylor@hra.pfh.org

 (Counties: Baxter, Boone, Fulton, Marion, Sharp)

 Ms. Tarrah Powell, Representative

 Mailing Address
 Physical Address

 P O Box 2698
 8 Medical Plaza

 Mountain Home, AR 72654
 Mountain Home, AR 72654

 (870) 424-0699

 Fax: (870) 269-2196

 EMAIL: tpowell@hra.pfh.org

Region 3

Operated by Crowley's Ridge Development Council (RPP)

(Counties: Clay, Craighead, Lawrence, Mississippi, Randolph)Ms. Dorothy Newsom, RepresentativeMailing AddressP O Box 16720Jonesboro, AR 72403Jonesboro, AR 72403(870) 933-0033Fax: (870) 933-0048 ext. 148EMAIL: dnewsom@crdcnea.com

(Counties: Crittenden, Cross, Greene, Poinsett) Ms. Sandra Drennin, Representative EMAIL: sdrennin@crdcnea.com

(Counties: Lee, Monroe, Phillips, St. Francis) Mr. Kendon Gray, Representative 593 Highway 243 Marianna Civic Center Marianna, AR 72360 (870) 298-2250 Fax: (870) 298-2249 EMAIL: kendongray@yahoo.com

Region 4

Operated by Harbor House, Inc. (RPP)

(Counties: Crawford, Franklin, Logan, Polk, Scott, Sebastian)Ms. Tabitha Fondrem, RepresentativeMailing AddressP O Box 4207Fort Smith, AR 72914Fort Smith, AR 72914Fort Smith, AR 72914Fort Smith, AR 72904(479) 785-4083 ext. 212 (Tabitha)Fax: (479) 783-1914EMAIL: tfondren@recoveryhhi.org

Region 5

Operated by Community Service, Inc. (RPP)

(Counties: Conway, Faulkner, Perry)Ms. Shannon Cook, RepresentativeMailing AddressPO Box 679Morrilton, AR 72110Morrilton, 354-4589Fax: (501) 354-5410E-MAIL: scook@csiyouth.com

Physical Address 100 South Cherokee Morrilton, AR 72210

(Counties: Clark, Garland, Hot Springs, Montgomery, Pike) Ms. Darla Kelsay, Representative Ms. Susie Reece, Representative 1401 Malvern Avenue, Suite 200C Hot Springs, AR 71901 (Rix Building) (501) 624-5636 EMAIL: dkelsay@csiyouth.com EMAIL: sreece@csiyouth.com

(Counties: Johnson, Pope, Yell) Ms. Amy Mellick, Representative 818 N. Creek Drive Conway, AR 72032 (501) 327-9788 EMAIL: amellick@csiyouth.com

Region 6

Operated by Phoenix Youth and Family Services (RPP)

(Counties: Ashley, Bradley, Chicot, Desha, Drew)Ms. Christie Lindsey, RepresentativeMailing AddressP O Box 654Crossett, AR 71635(870) 364-1676Fax: (870) 364-1779E-MAIL: clindsey@phoenixyouth.com

(Counties: Arkansas, Cleveland, Grant, Jefferson, Lincoln) Mr. Hank Wilkins, V, Representative 717 West 2nd Avenue Pine Bluff, AR 71601 (870) 835-0038 Fax: (870) 536-6327 E-MAIL: hwilkins@phoenixyouth.com

Region 7

Operated by Harbor House, Inc (RPP)

(Counties: Calhoun, Columbia, Dallas, Union) Ms. Annette Sharp, Representative 124 S. Jackson Street, Suite 411 Magnolia, AR 71754 (870) 901-3551 Fax: (870) 901-3552 EMAIL: asharp@recoveryhhi.org

(Counties: Hempstead, Lafayette, Nevada, Ouachita) Mr. Elbert Bradley, Representative South Central Service Cooperative 400 Maul Road Camden, AR 71701 (870) 807-0139 EMAIL: ebradley@recoveryhhi.org

(Counties: Howard, Little River, Miller, Sevier) Ms. Trena Goings, Representative 4425 Jefferson Avenue, Suite 115 Texarkana, AR 71854 (870) 773-0994 Fax: (870) 773-0097 EMAIL: tgoings@recoveryhhi.org

Region 8

Operated by Family Service Agency, Inc.

(Counties: Lonoke, Prairie, Pulaski, Saline) Mr. Hayse Miller, Representative 628 West Broadway Street, Ste 300 North Little Rock, AR 72114 (501) 372-4242 ext. 752 & 753 Fax: (501) 372-4758 EMAIL: hmiller@fsainc.org

8.2 State and National Contacts

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International Survey Associates dba Pride Surveys Jay Gleaton 2140 Newmarket Parkway Suite 116 Marietta, GA 30067 Telephone: (800) 279-6361 Fax: (770) 726-9327 Website: http://www.pridesurveys.com EMAIL: info@pridesurveys.com

Southwest Center for the Application of Prevention Technology Website: http://captus.samhsa.gov/southwest

Southwest Prevention Center/ The University of Oklahoma Website: http://swpc.ou.edu/

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) Website: http://www.samhsa.gov

Electronic copies of reports can be found at https://arkansas.pridesurveys.com.
Some reports require passwords.